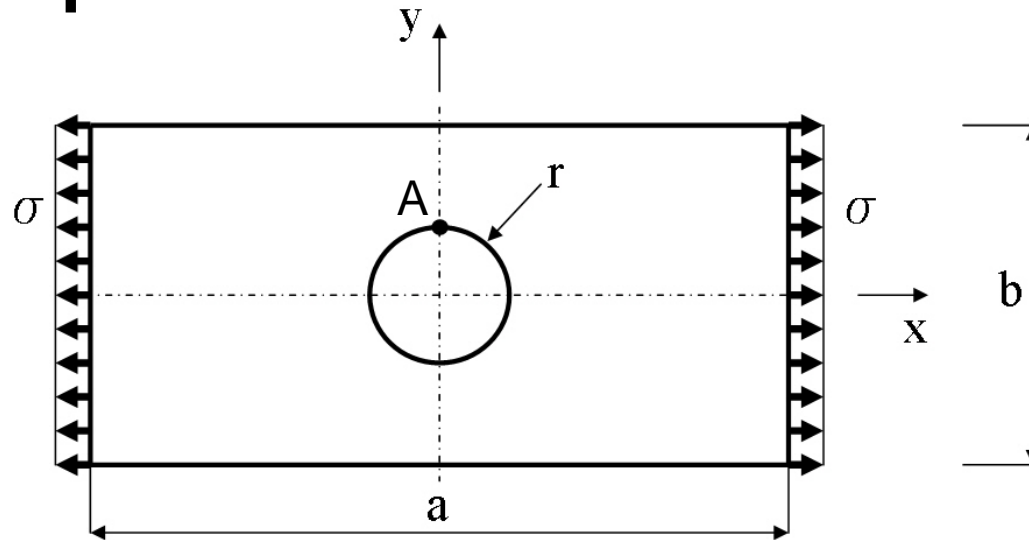


Course in ANSYS

Example0241

Example – Plate with a hole



Objective:

Determine the maximum stress in the x-direction for point A and display the deformation figure

Tasks:

How should this be modelled?

Compare results with results obtained from norm calculations?

Topics:

Element type, Real constants, modeling, mapped mesh, plot results, output graphics, path operations

$$E = 210000 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$\nu = 0.3$$

$$a = 200 \text{ mm}$$

$$b = 100 \text{ mm}$$

$$t = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$r = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$\sigma = 100 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

Example - title

Utility Menu > File > Change Jobname

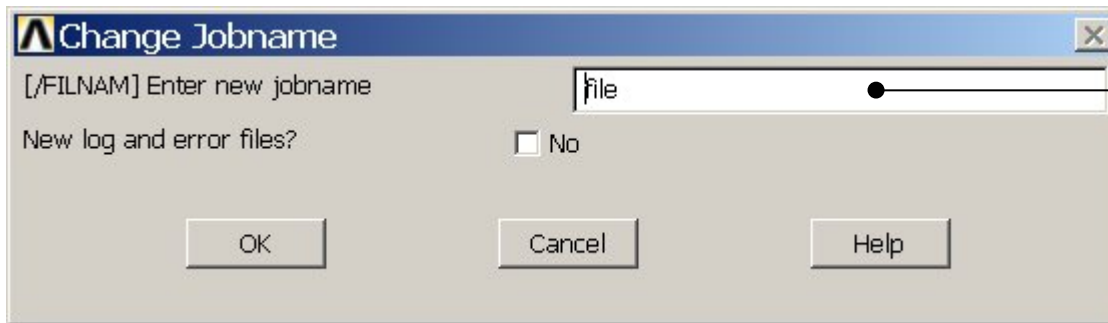


GUI

/jobname, Example0241



Command line entry

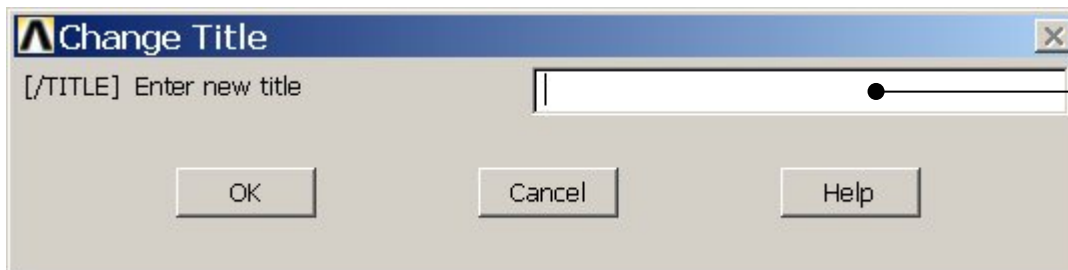


Enter: Example0241

Utility Menu > File > Change Title

/title, Plate with a hole

Enter: Plate with a hole



Example – Areas Rectangle

Preprocessor > Modeling > Create > Areas > Rectangle > By Dimensions

Create an area given by $X=(0,100)$ and $Y=(0,50)$

The image shows the ANSYS Main Menu on the left and the 'Create Rectangle by Dimensions' dialog box in the center. The dialog box has a title bar with the ANSYS logo and the text 'Create Rectangle by Dimensions'. Below the title bar, it says '[RECTNG] Create Rectangle by Dimensions'. There are two rows of input fields: 'X1,X2 X-coordinates' and 'Y1,Y2 Y-coordinates'. Each row has two input boxes. Arrows point from text labels to these input boxes: 'Enter 0 or leave empty' points to the first box of the X-coordinates row, 'Enter 100' points to the second box of the X-coordinates row, 'Enter 0 or leave empty' points to the first box of the Y-coordinates row, and 'Enter 50' points to the second box of the Y-coordinates row. At the bottom of the dialog box are four buttons: 'OK', 'Apply', 'Cancel', and 'Help'. An arrow points from the text 'Press OK' to the 'OK' button. On the left, the ANSYS Main Menu is visible, with the path 'Preprocessor > Modeling > Create > Areas > Rectangle > By Dimensions' highlighted. Below the dialog box, there is a note: 'Note: Keypoints (4 kp's) and lines (4 lines) are automatically generated (also numbered automatically)'. At the bottom of the slide, the text 'Computational mechanics, AAU, Esbjerg' is on the left, 'Example0241' is in the center, and the number '4' is on the right.

Enter 0 or leave empty

Enter 100

Enter 0 or leave empty

Enter 50

Press OK

Note: Keypoints (4 kp's) and lines (4 lines) are automatically generated (also numbered automatically)

Example0241

Computational mechanics, AAU, Esbjerg

4

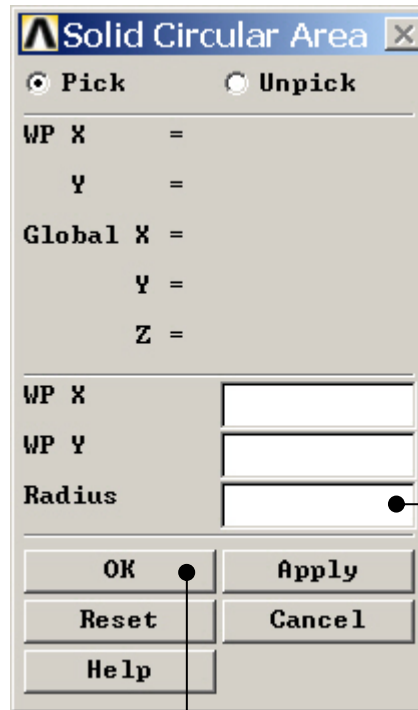
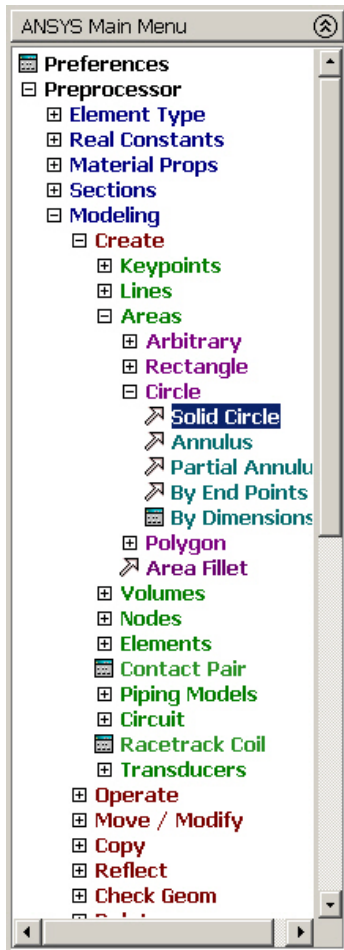
Example – Areas Rectangle



Example – Areas Circle

Preprocessor > Modeling > Create > Areas > Circle > Solid Circle

Create an area given by $(X,Y)=(0, 0)$ and Radius=10



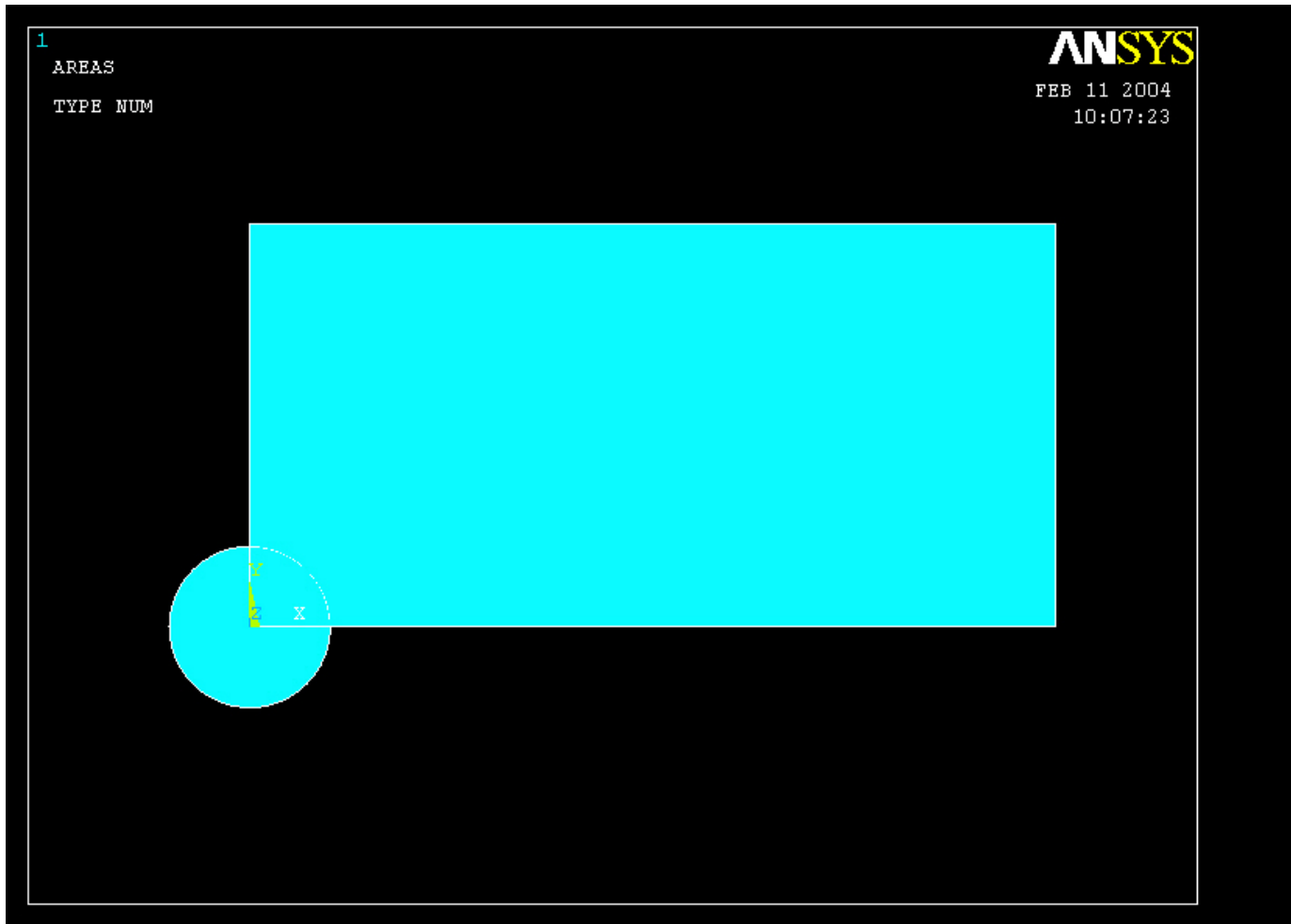
Enter 10

Press OK

Note: Keypoints (4 kp's) and lines
(4 lines) are automatically generated
(also numbered automatically)

Example0241

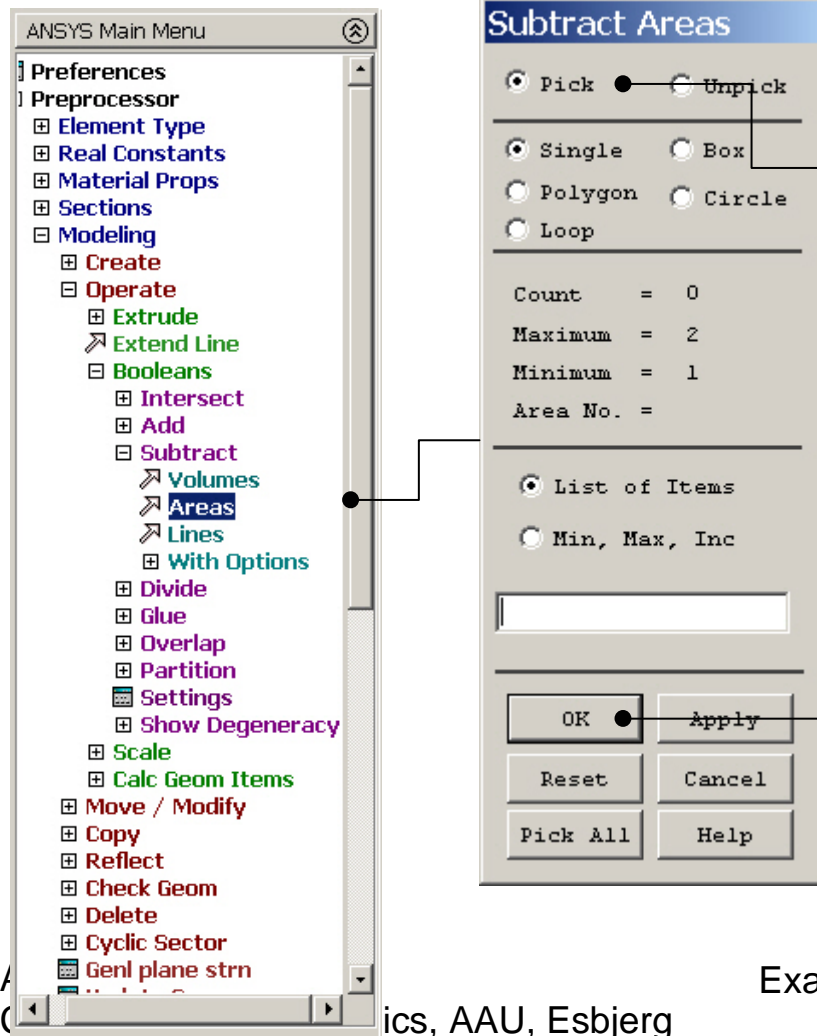
Example - Area



Example - Operate

Preprocessor > Modeling > Operate > Booleans > Subtract > Areas

Create the final area by subtracting the circular area from the rectangular area



Note: Bottom left corner of ANSYS GUI

[ASBA] Pick or enter base areas from which to subtract

Select the rectangular area and press OK

Note: Bottom left corner of ANSYS GUI

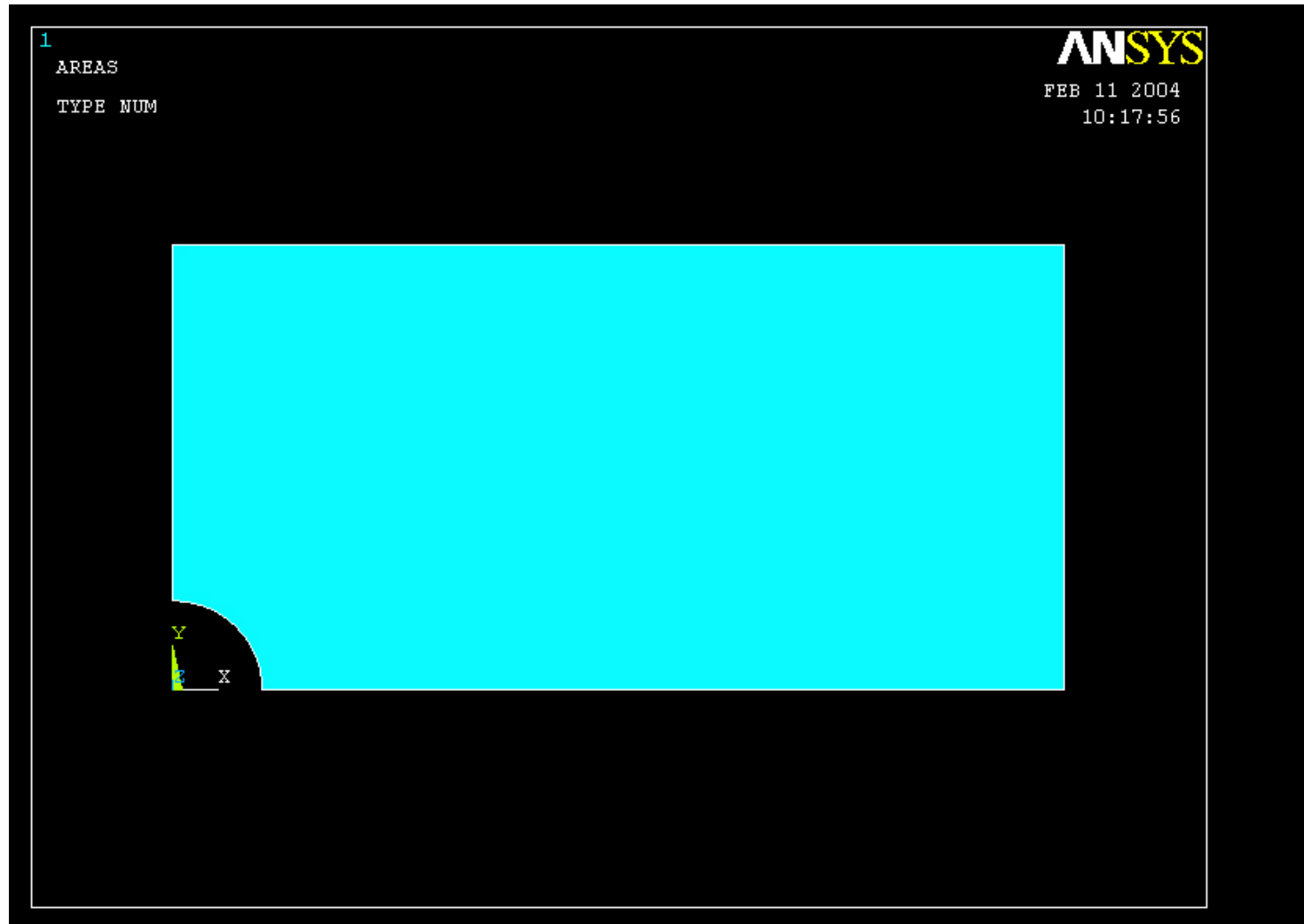
Pick or enter areas to be subtracted

Select the circular area

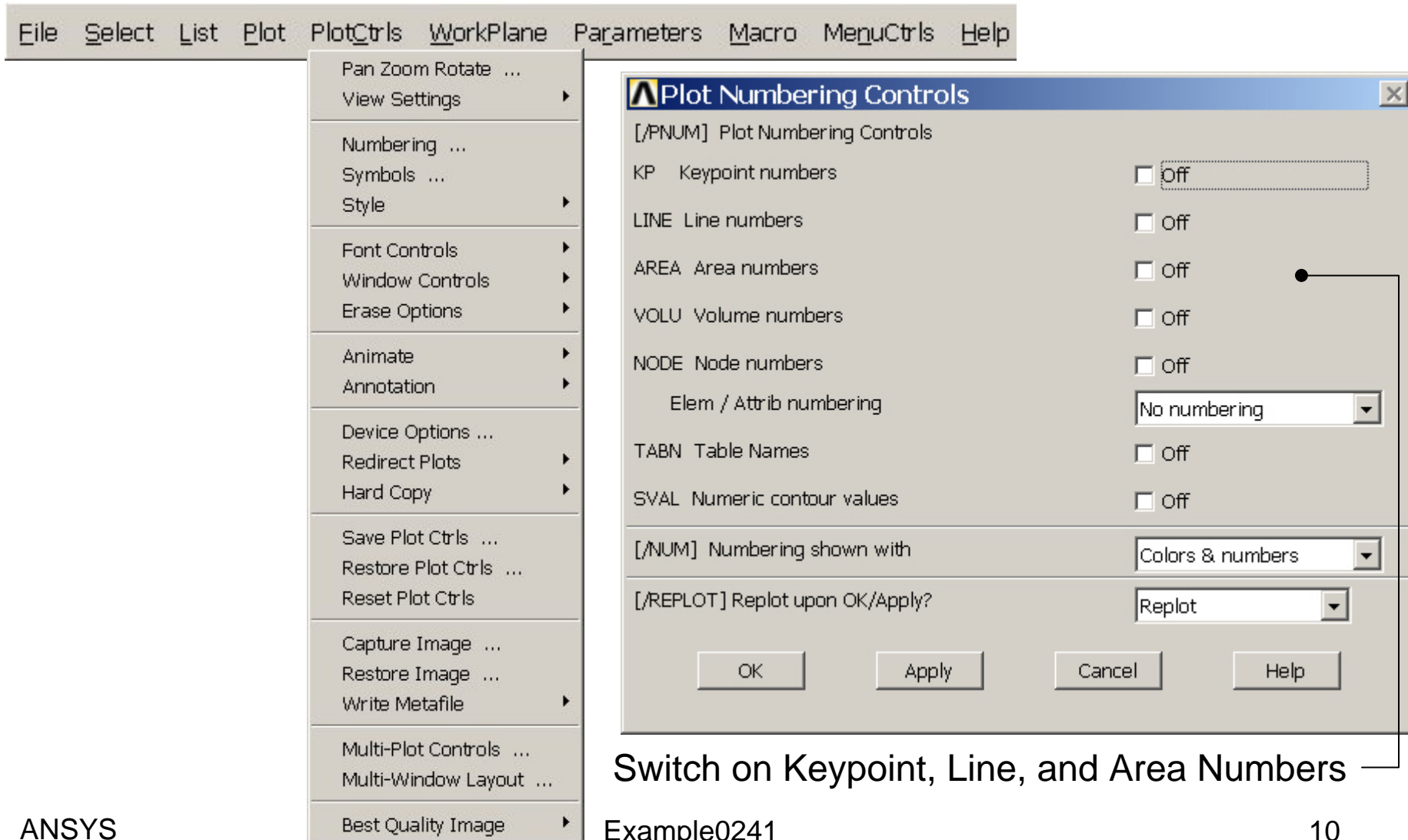
Press OK

Example0241

Example – Areas

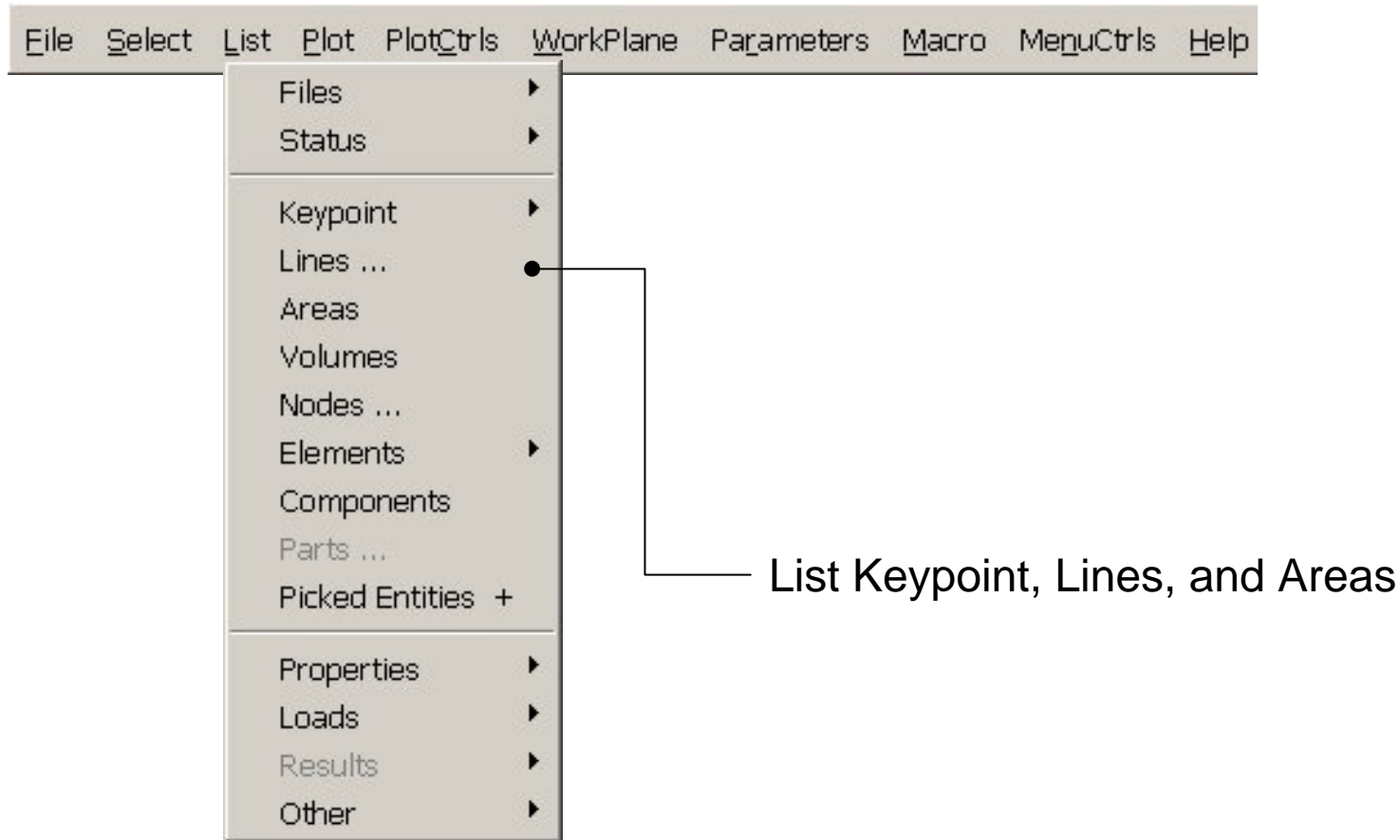


Example - Numbering

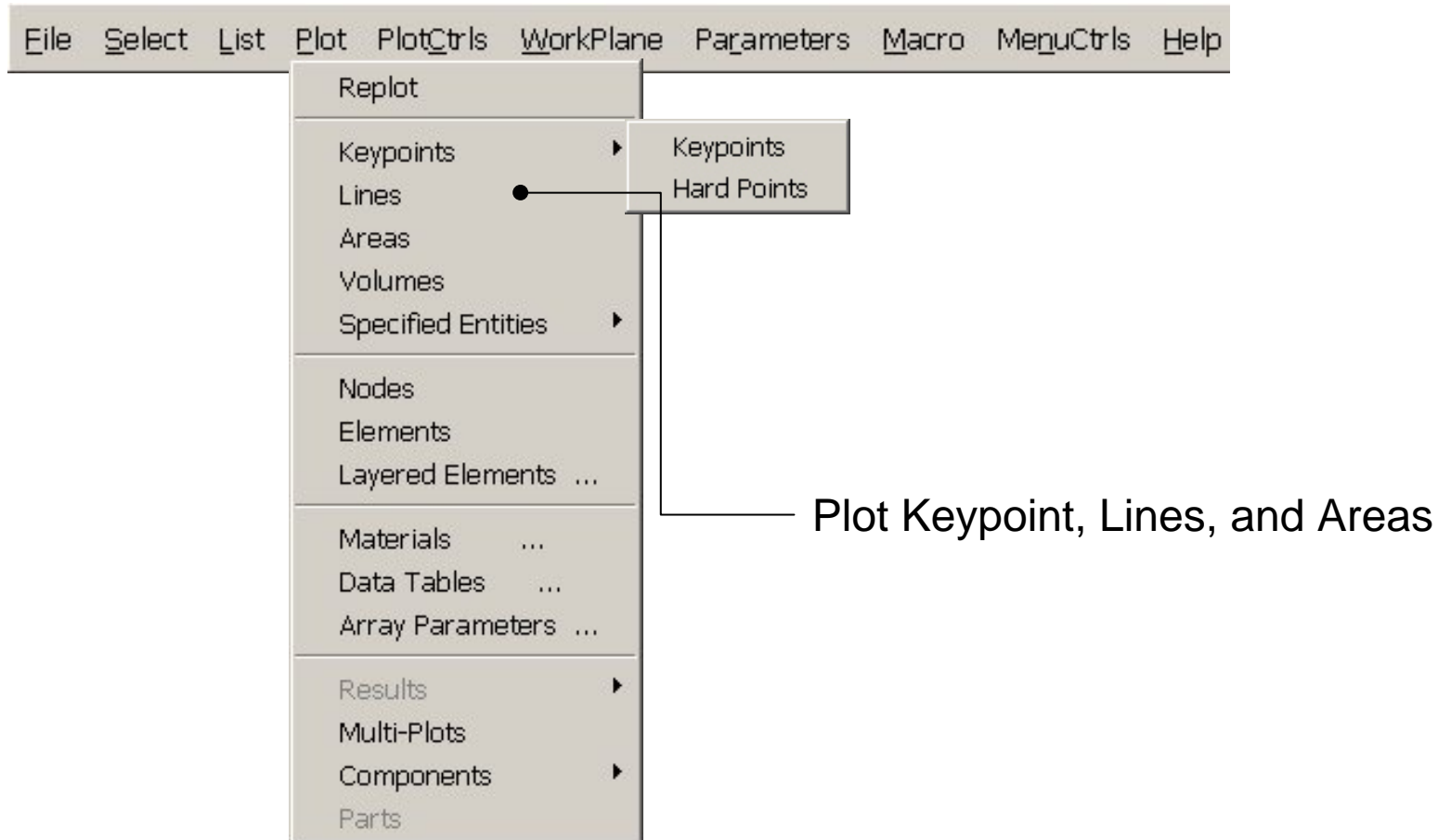


Switch on Keypoint, Line, and Area Numbers

Example - List Menu

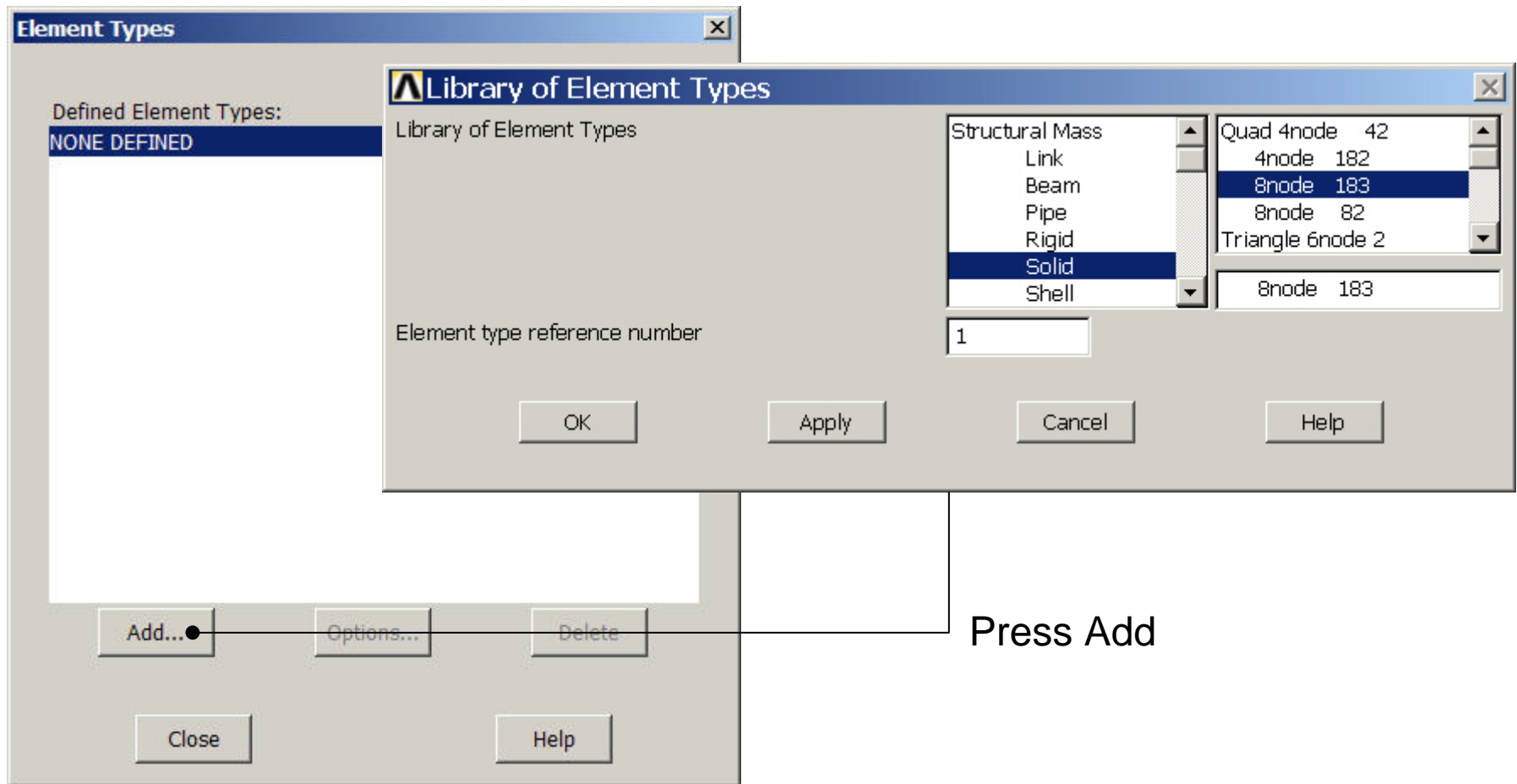


Example - Plot Menu



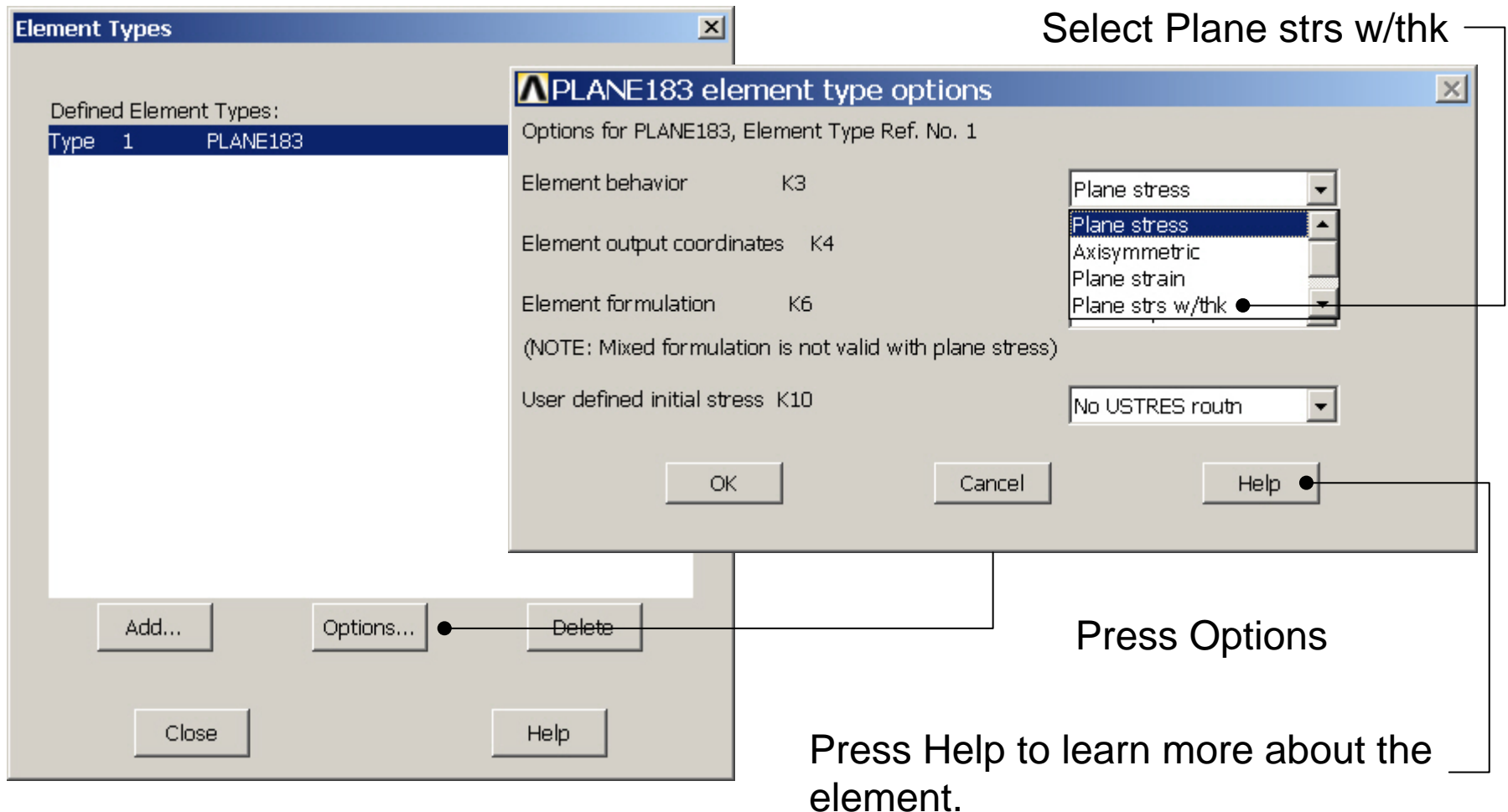
Example – Element Type

Preprocessor > Element Type > Add/Edit/Delete



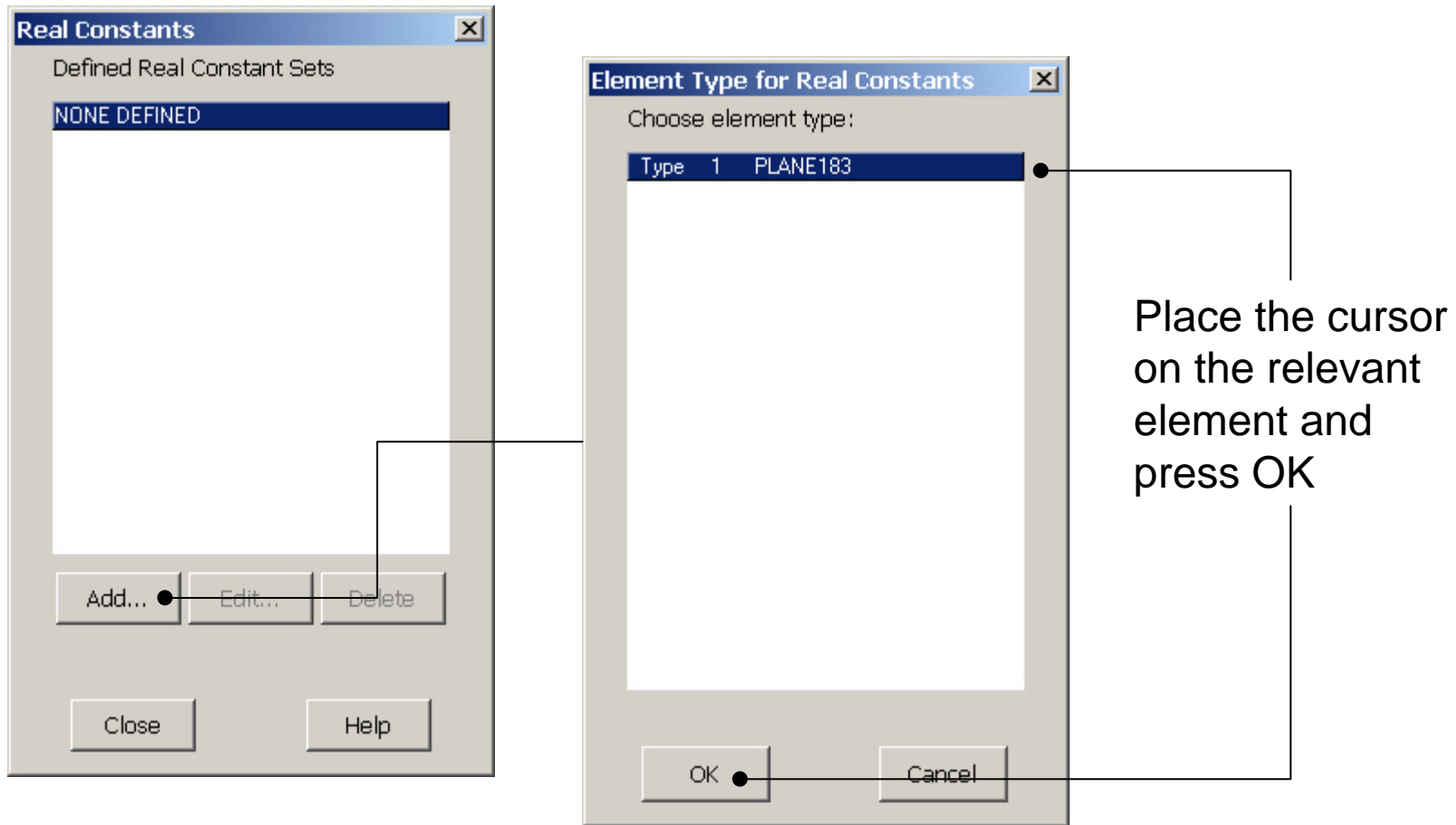
Example - Element Type

Preprocessor > Element Type > Add/Edit/Delete



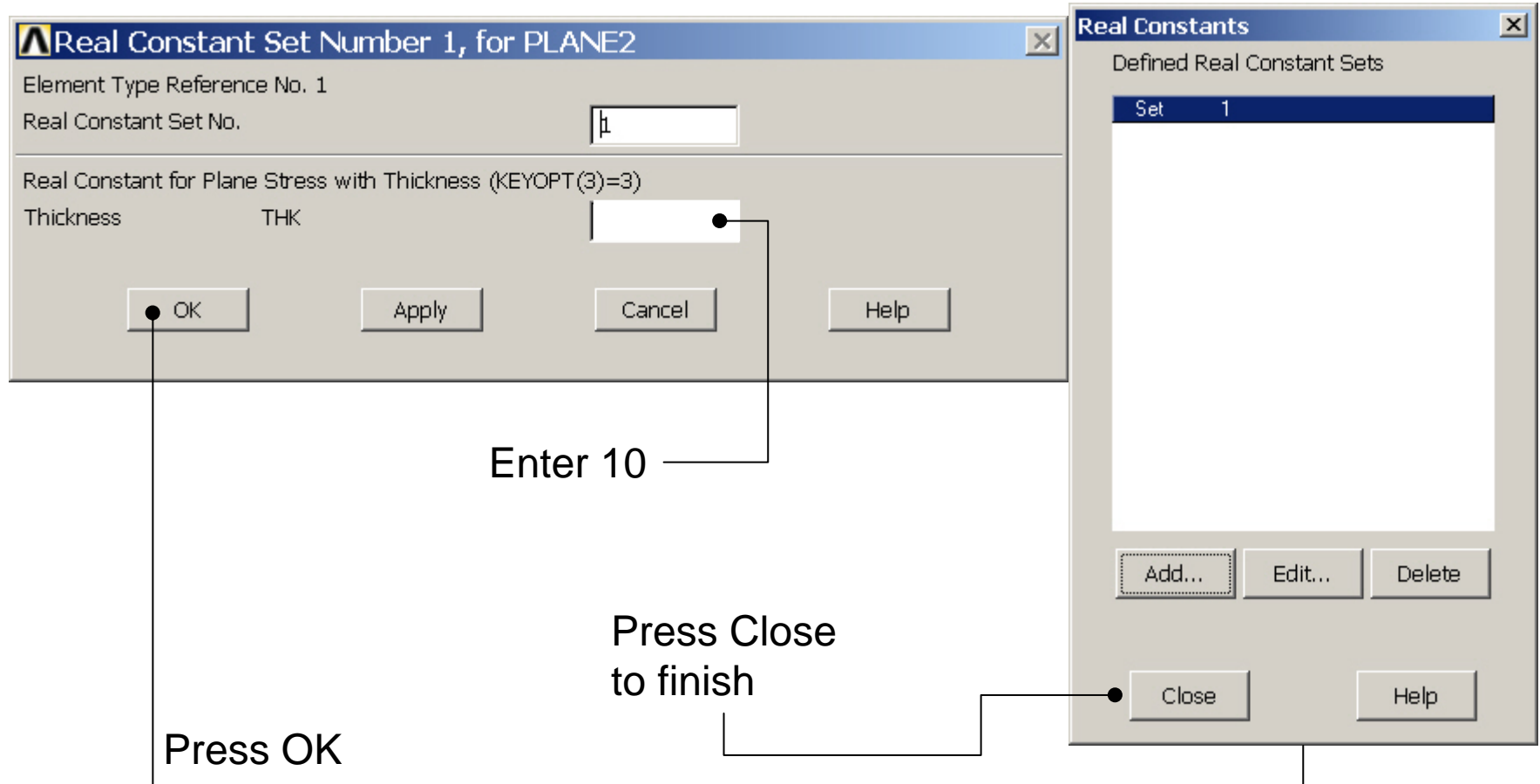
Example – Real Constants

Preprocessor > Real Constants > Add



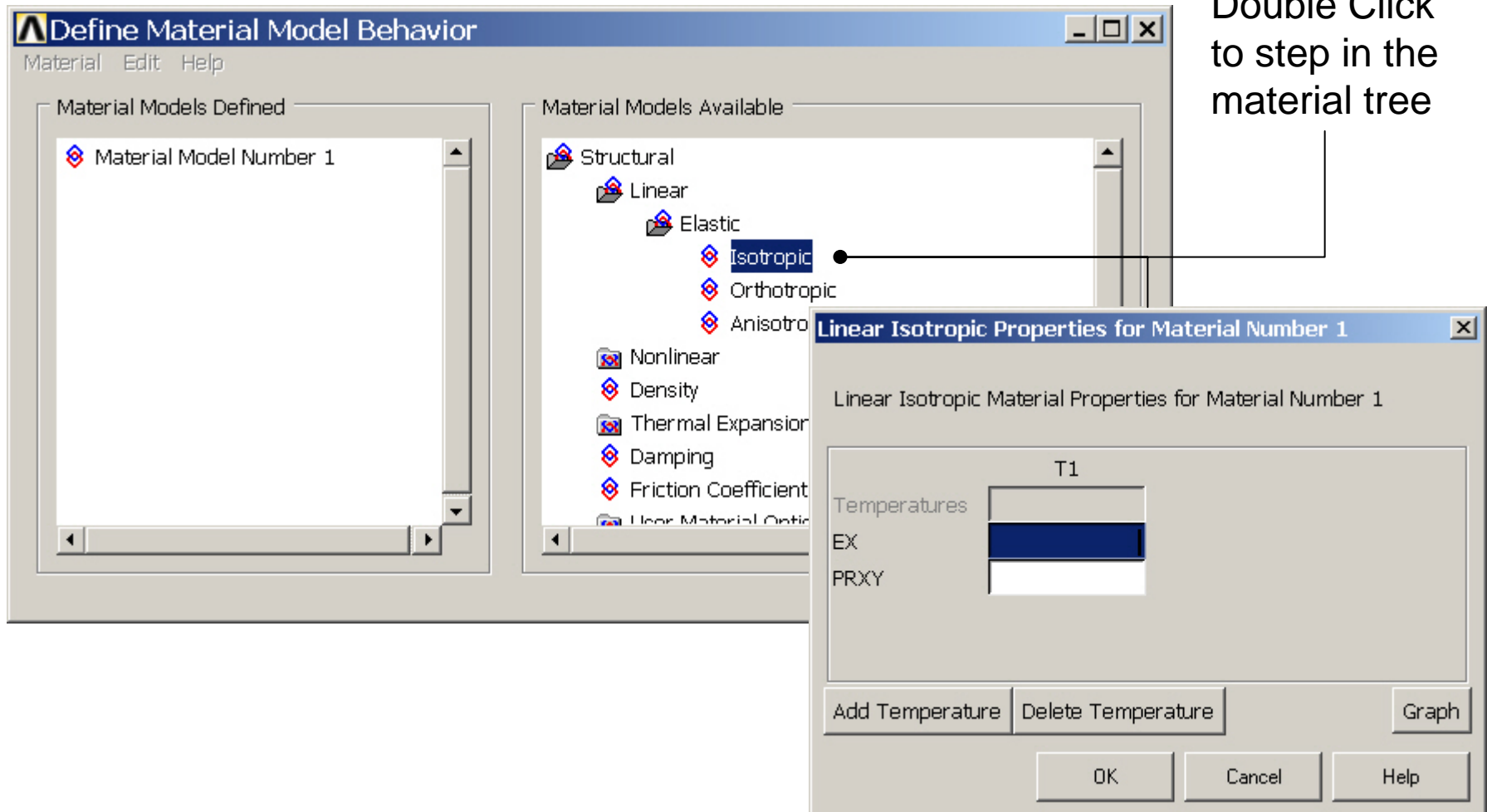
Example - Real Constants

Preprocessor > Real Constants > Add



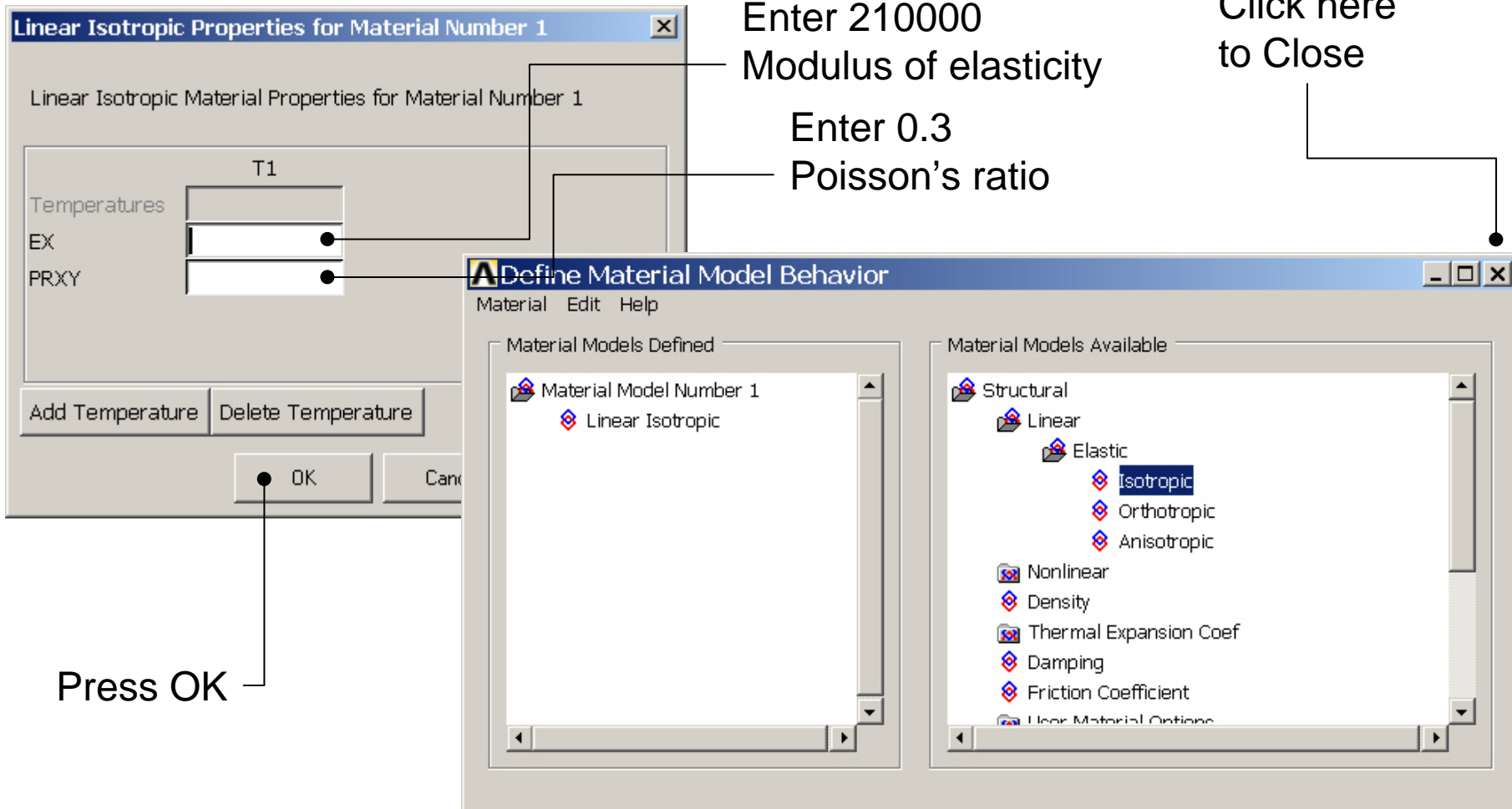
Example - Material Properties

Preprocessor > Material Props > Material Models



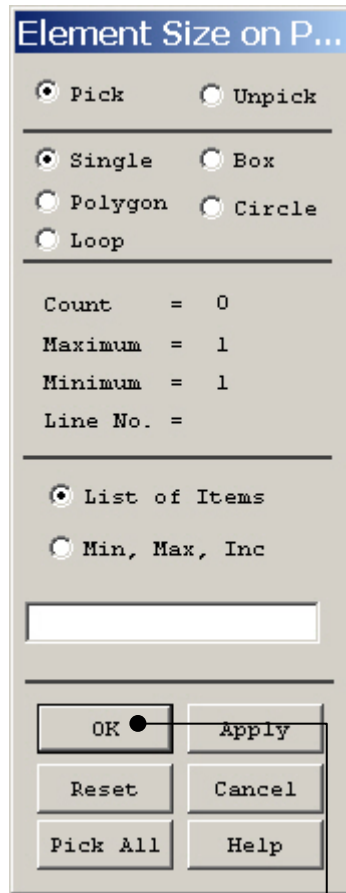
Example - Material Properties

Preprocessor > Material Props > Material Models



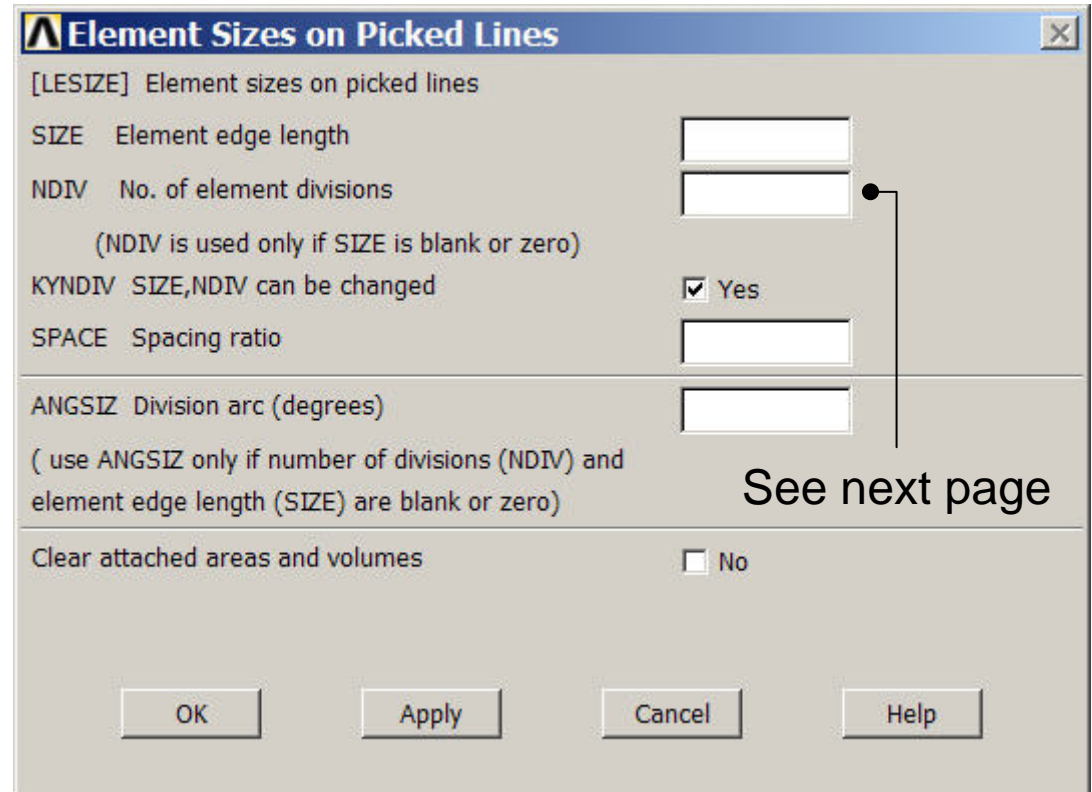
Example - Meshing

Preprocessor > Meshing > Size Cntrls > ManualSize > Lines > Picked Lines



Select/Pick Lines to specify mesh size for

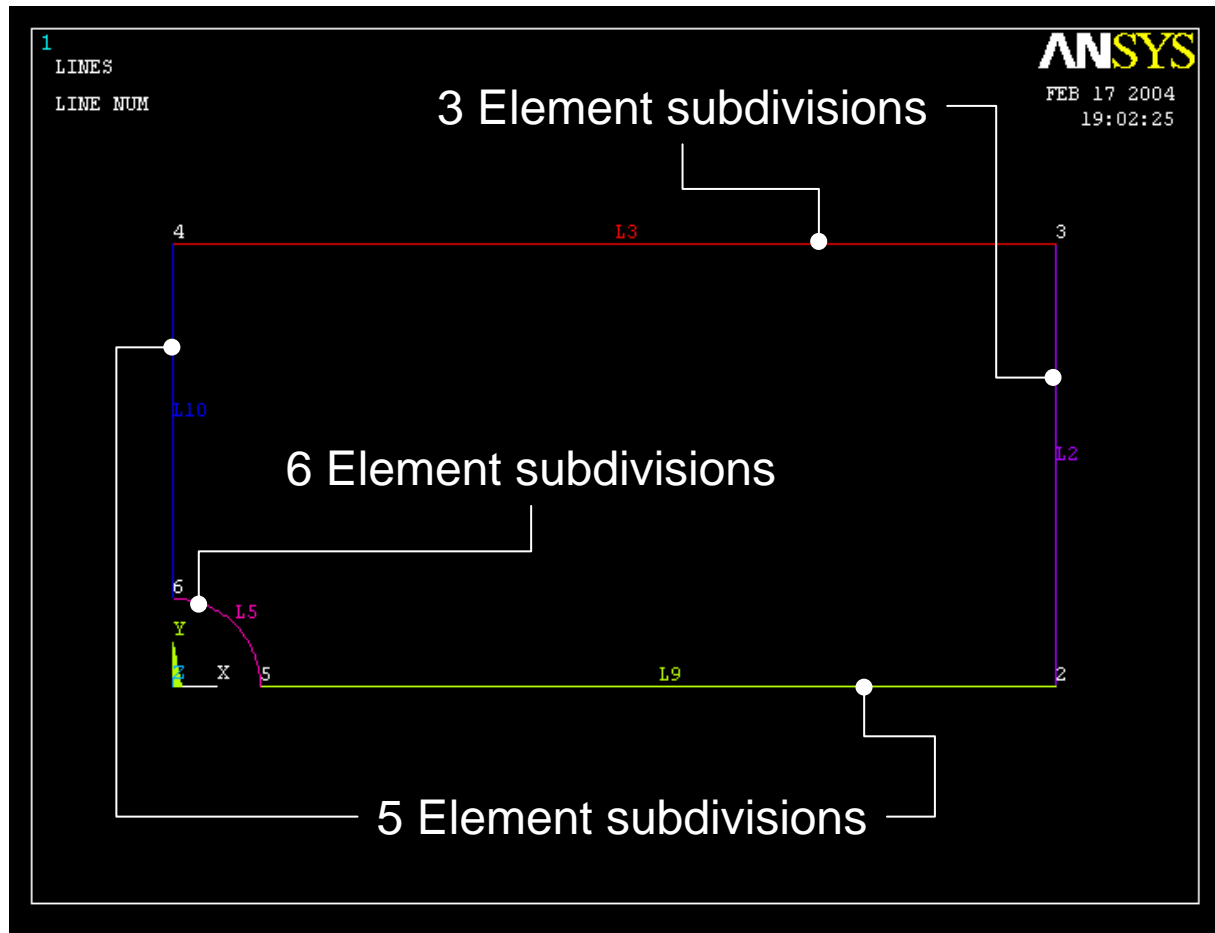
Pick the two longest lines



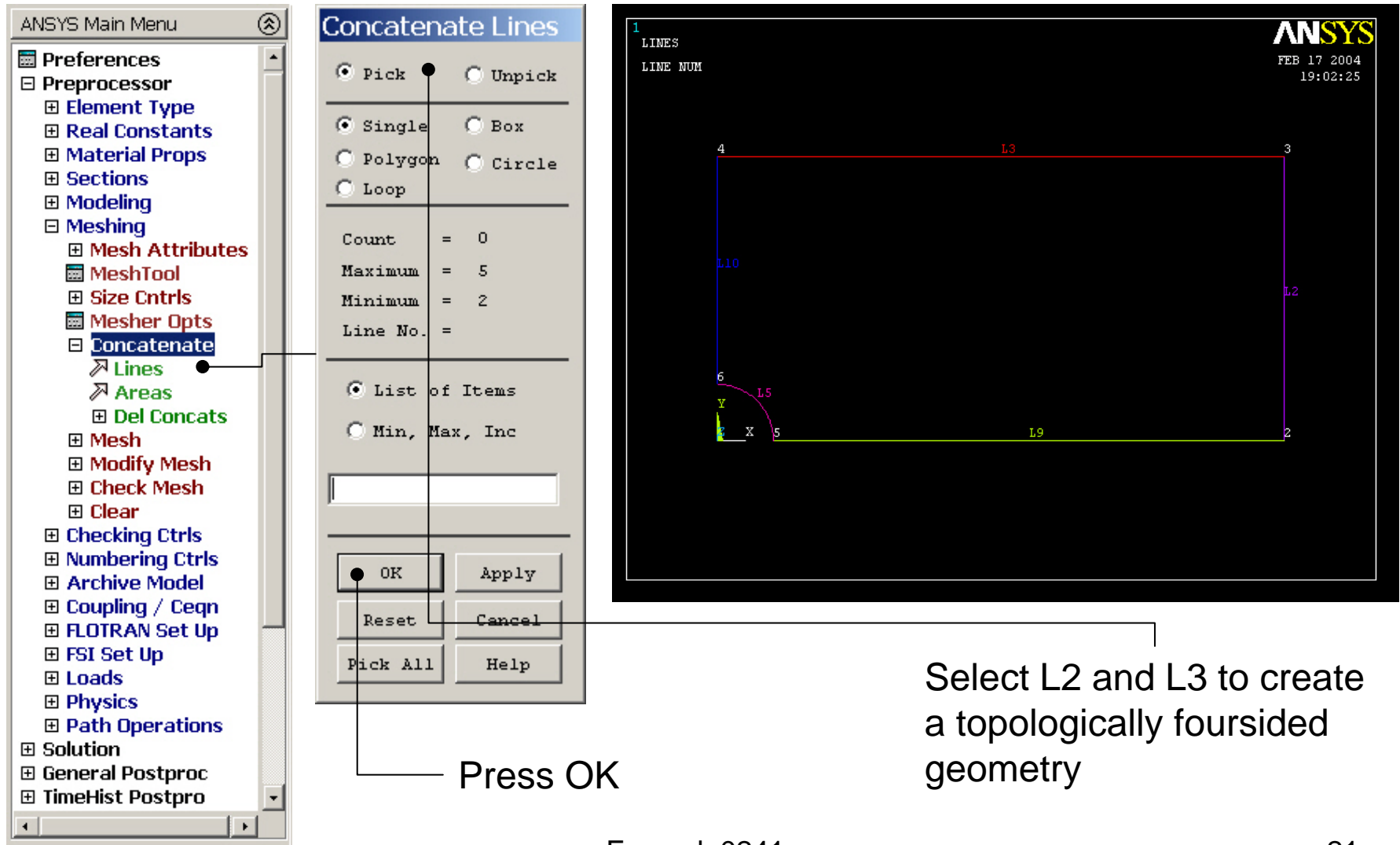
See next page

Press OK when finish with selection

Example – Mesh Size

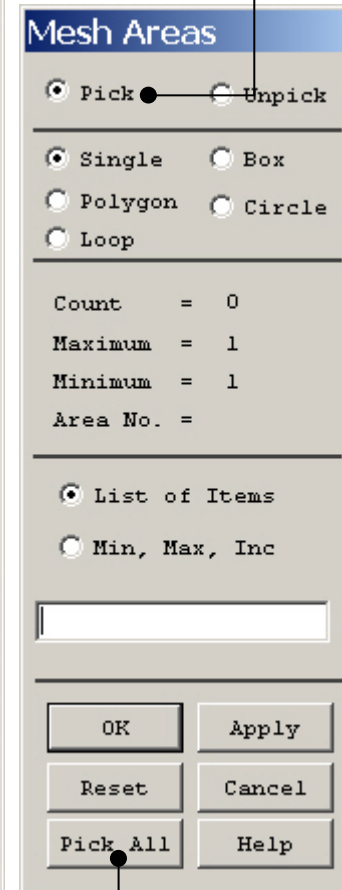


Example – Concatenate Lines



Example - Meshing

Preprocessor > Meshing > Mesh > Areas > Mapped > 3 or 4 sided

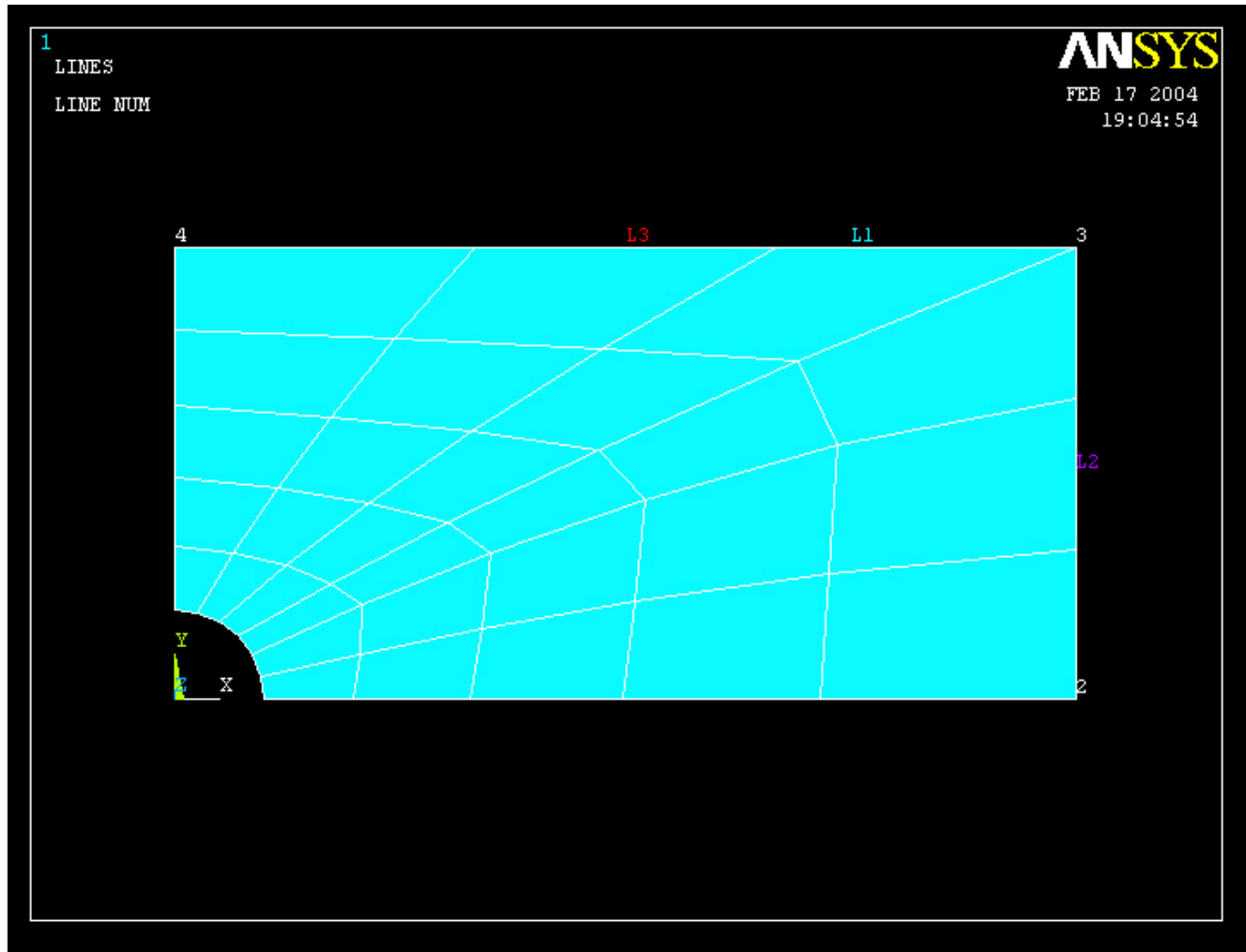


Select individual areas to be meshed

NB: It is often necessary to “Clear” the model for example if Element Type or model geometry is to be changed

Select all areas defined to be meshed

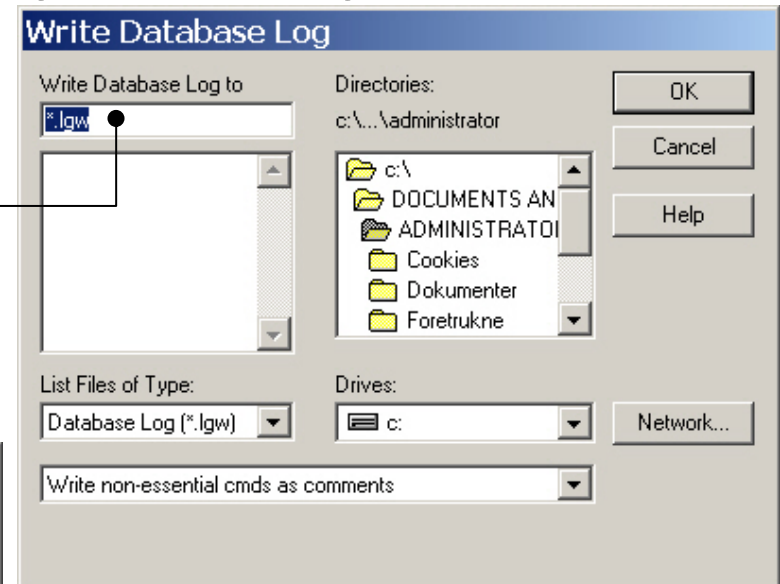
Example – Mapped Mesh



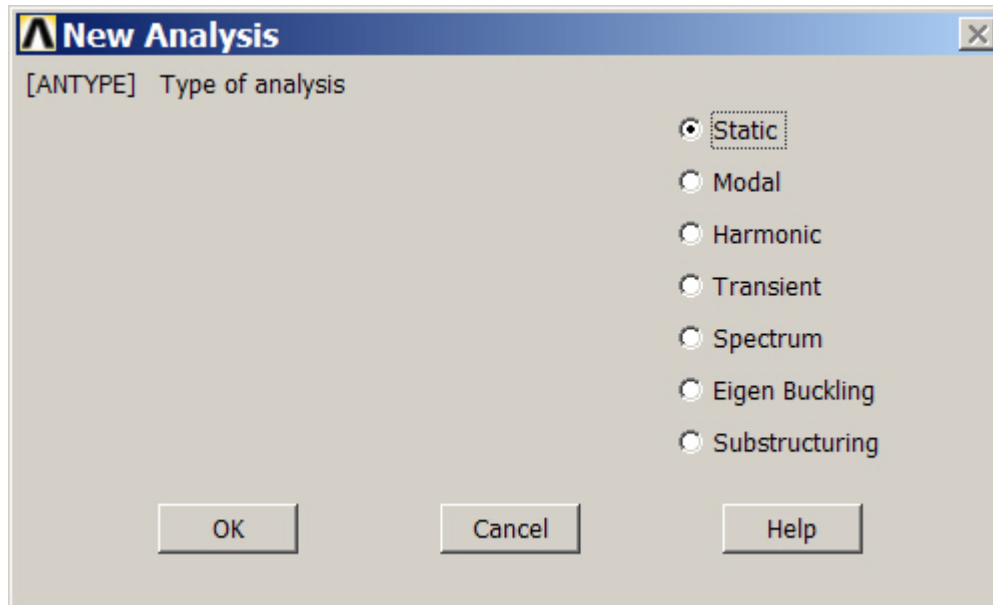
Example – Analysis Type

File > Write DB log file

Enter “example0241.lgw”

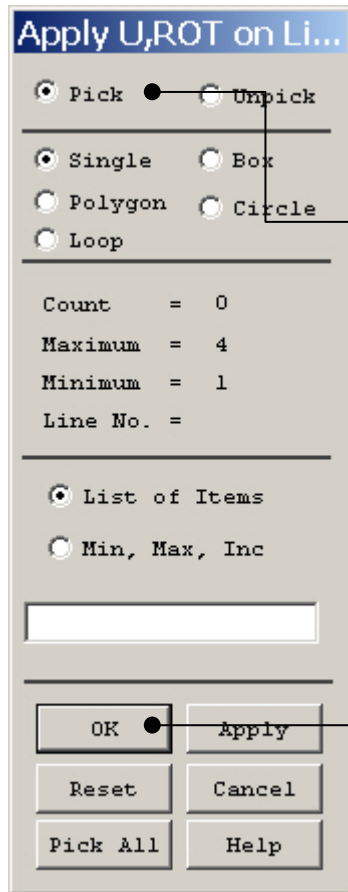


Solution > Analysis Type > New Analysis



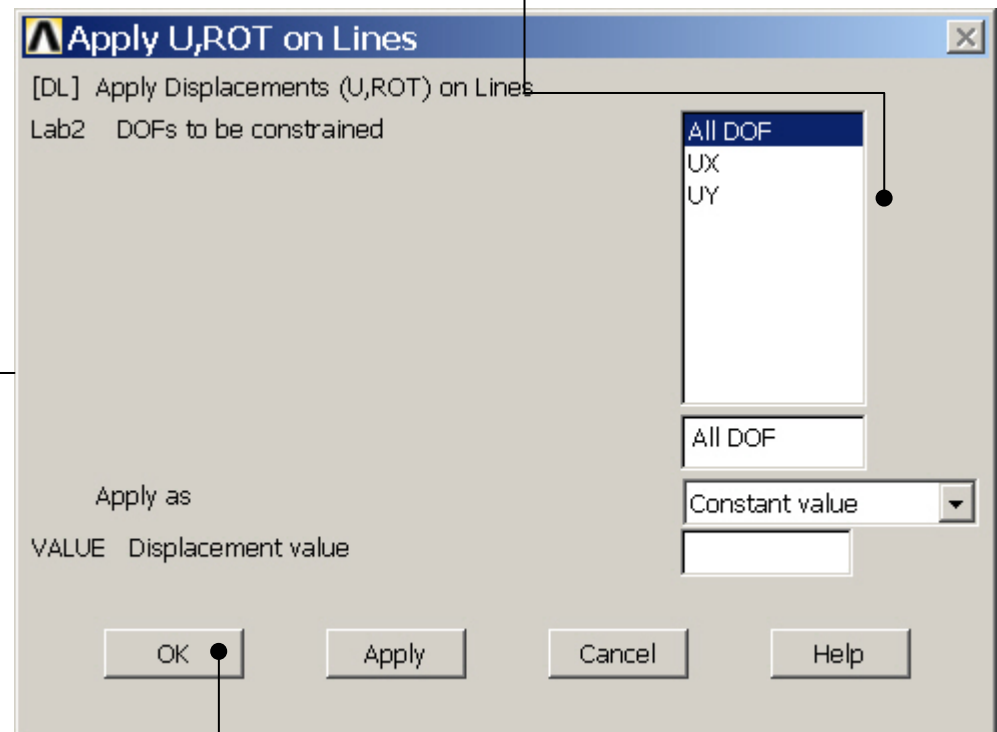
Example – Define Loads

Solution > Define Loads > Apply > Structural > Displacement > On Lines



Select the
bottom straight
line

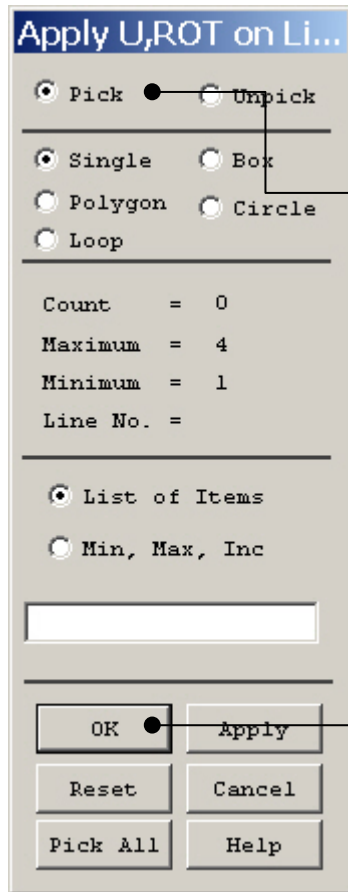
Select UY to fix the plate in the y-direction



Press OK

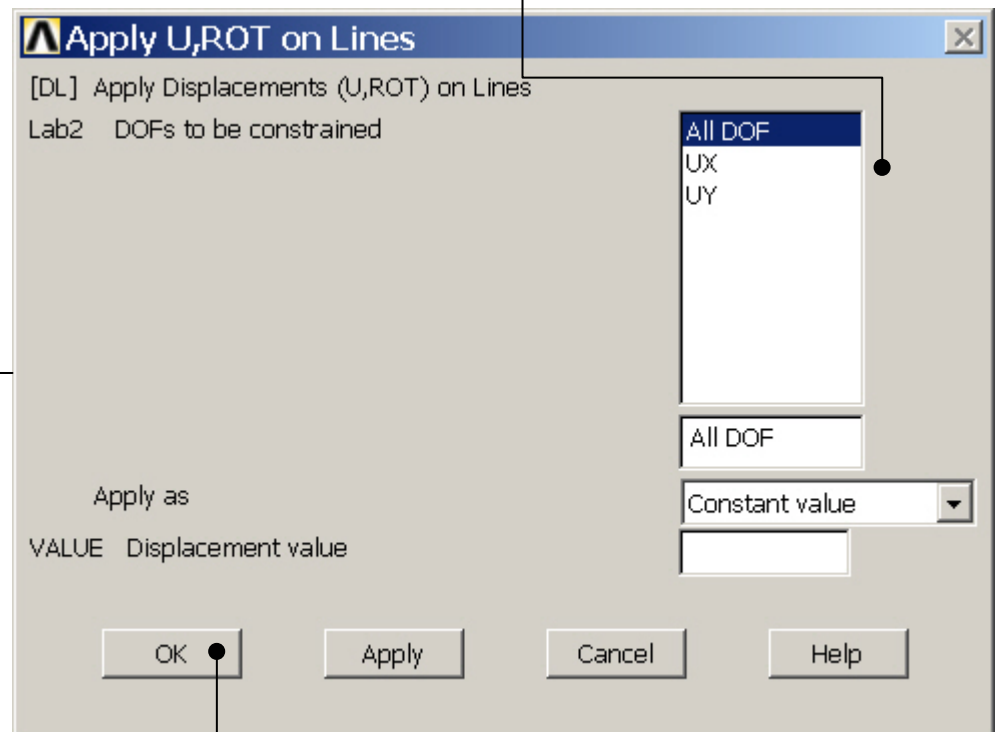
Example – Define Loads

Solution > Define Loads > Apply > Structural > Displacement > On Lines



Select the left straight line

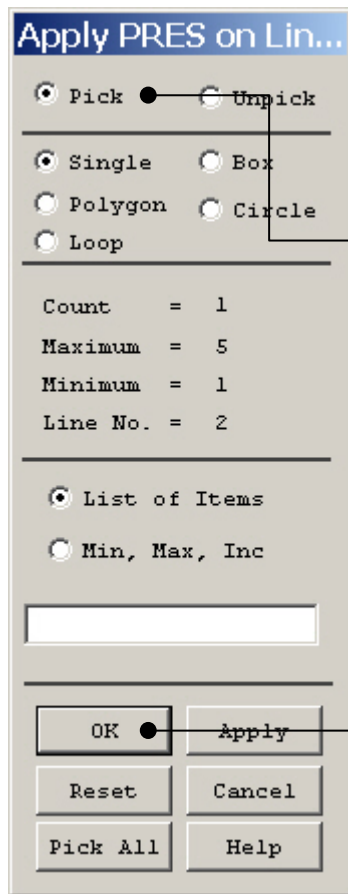
Select UX to fix the plate in the x-direction



Press OK

Example – Define Loads

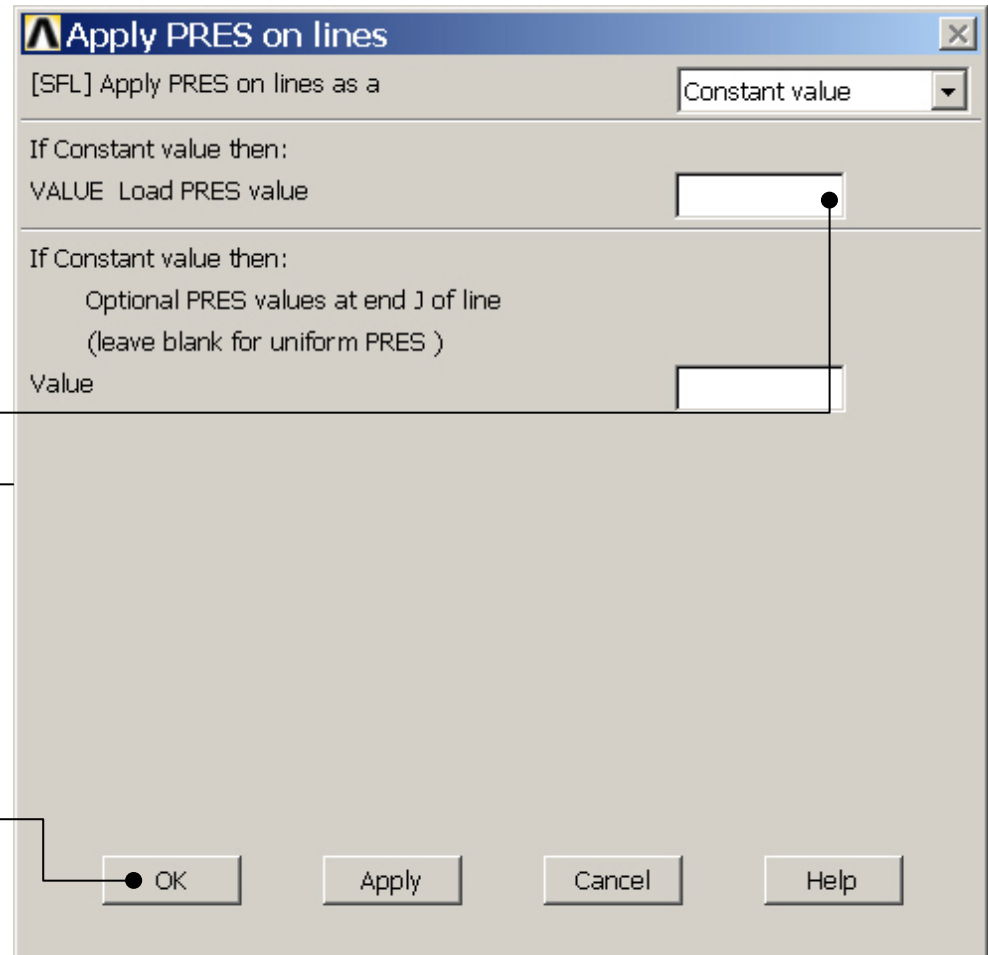
Solution > Define Loads > Apply > Structural > Pressure > On lines



Select the
right
straight line

Enter -100

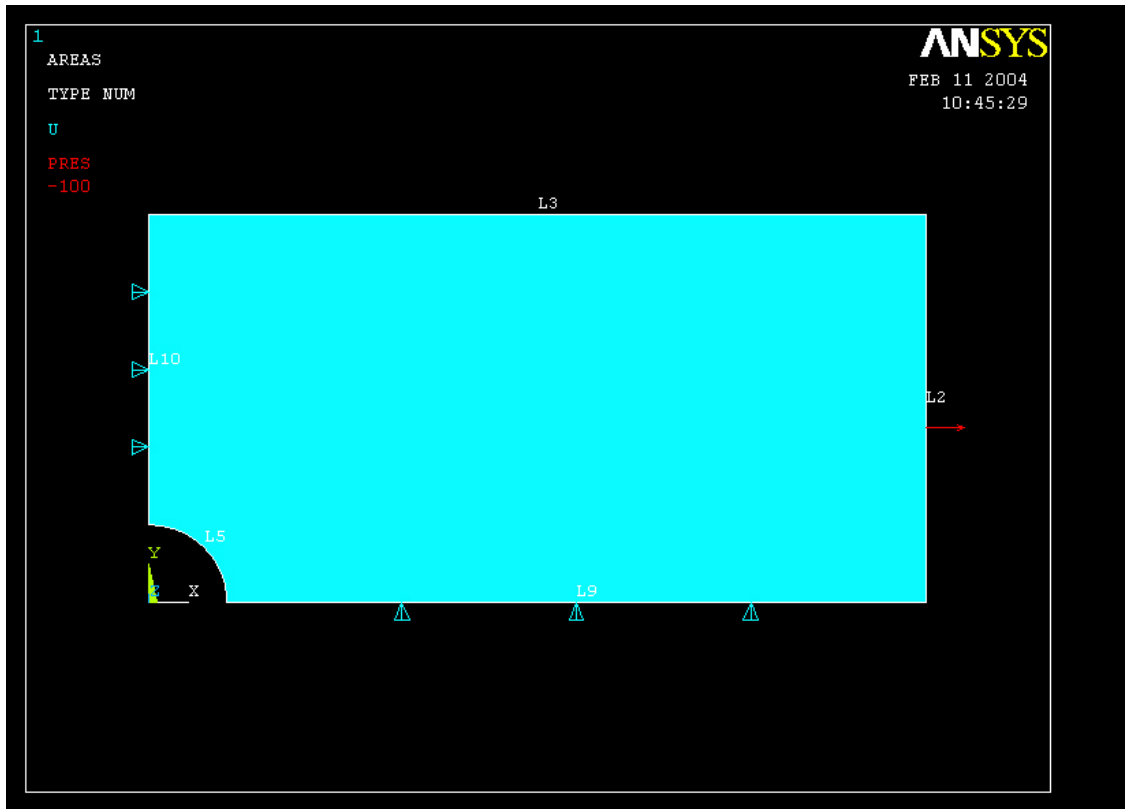
Press OK
to finish



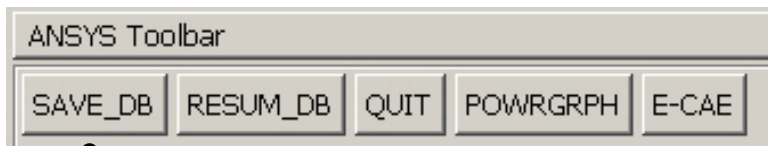
Note: Pressure acts normal and
inward to a surface
ANSYS
Computational Mechanics, AAU, Esbjerg

Example0241

Example - Save



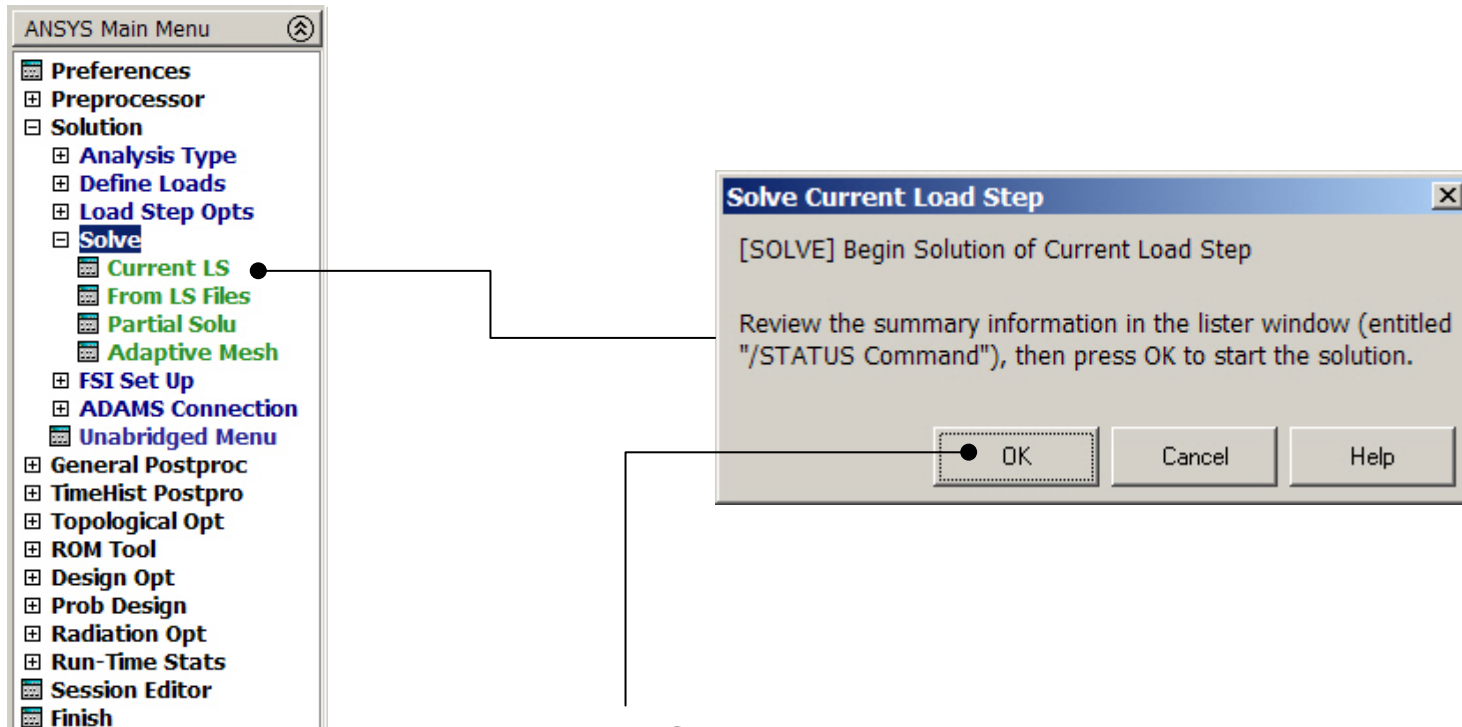
Display of Analysis model



Save the model

Example - Solve

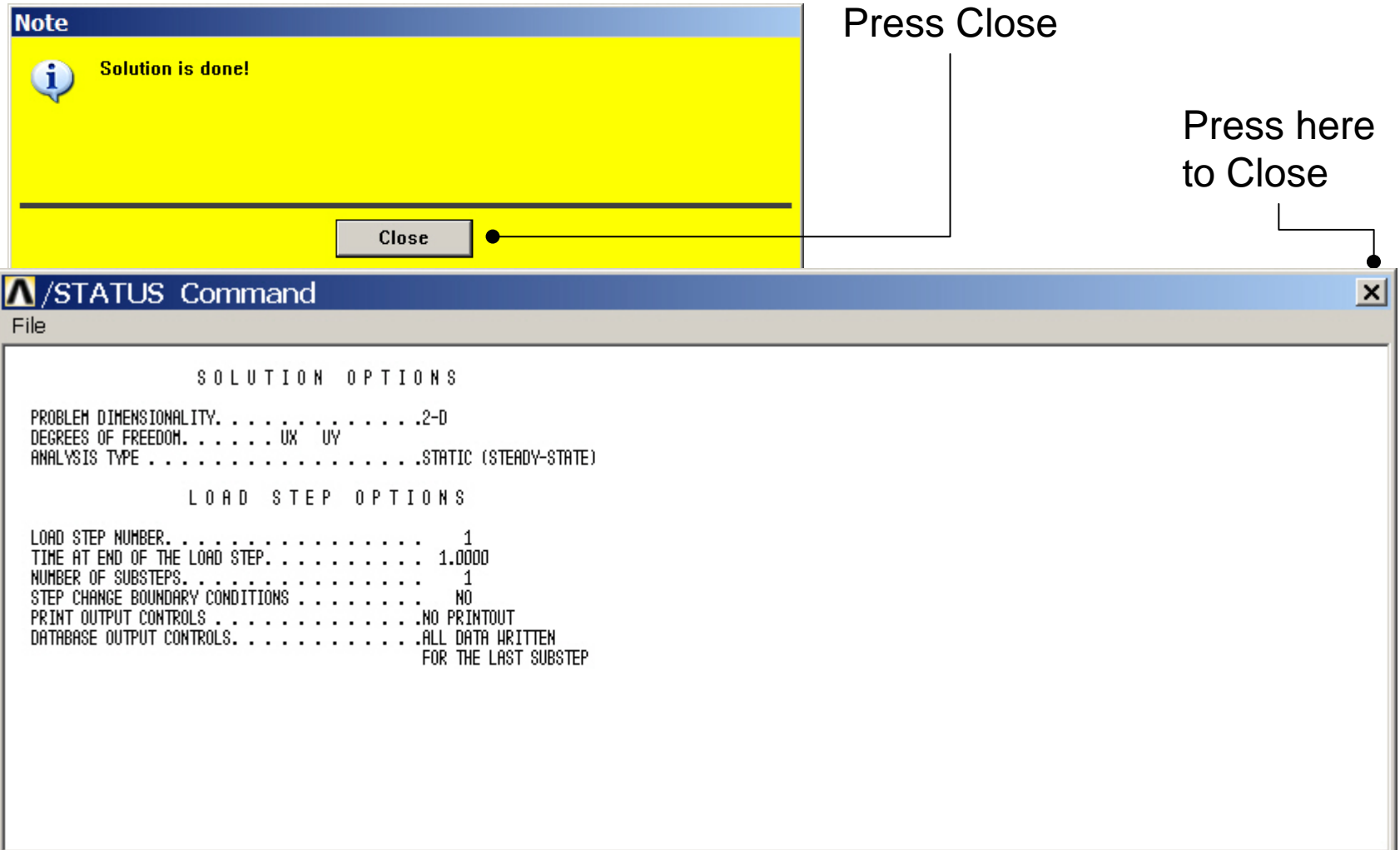
Solution > Solve > Current LS



Press OK

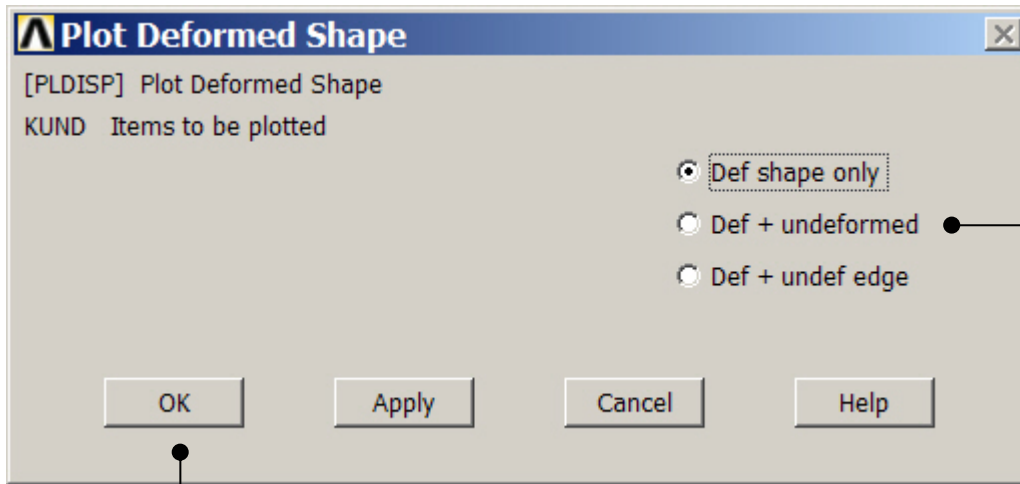
Example0241

Example - Solve



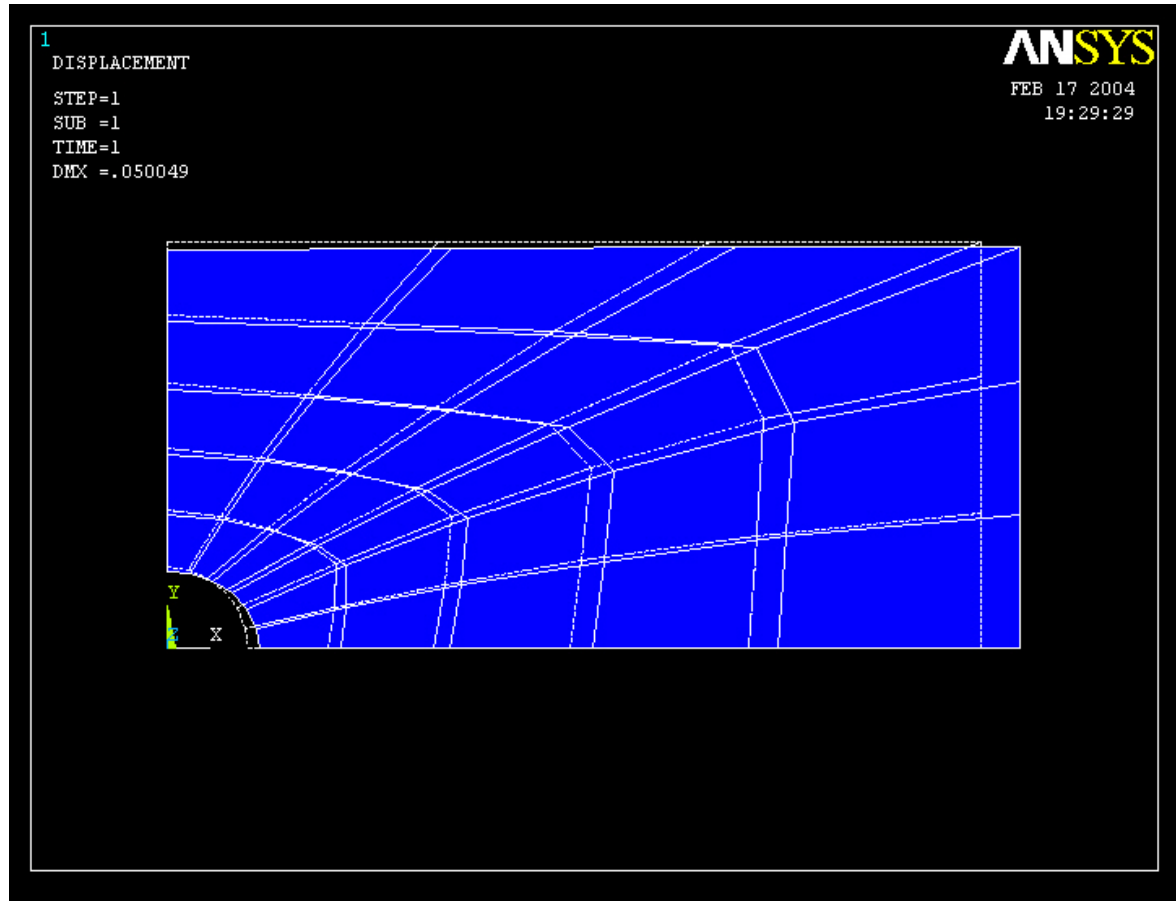
Example - PostProcessing

General Postproc > Plot Results > Deformed Shape



Select "Def+undeformed"
and Press OK

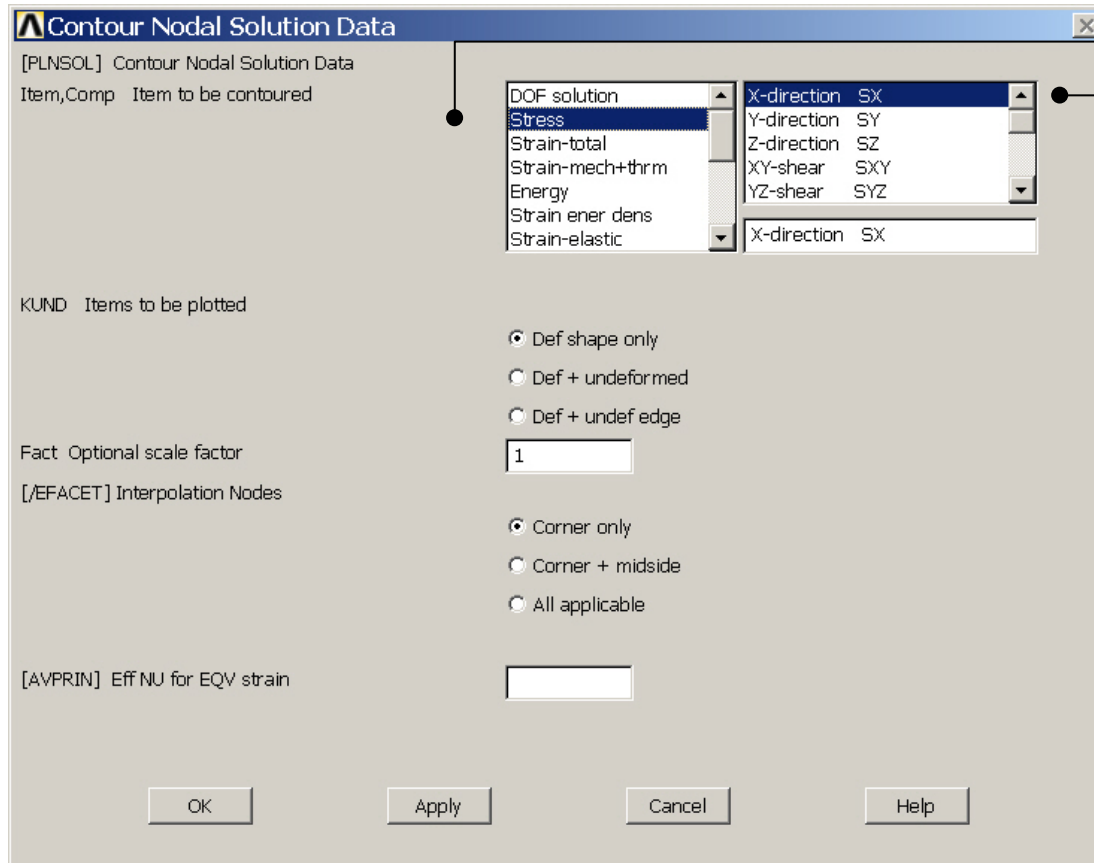
Example - PostProcessing



Read Maximum displacement: DMX

Example – Contour Plot

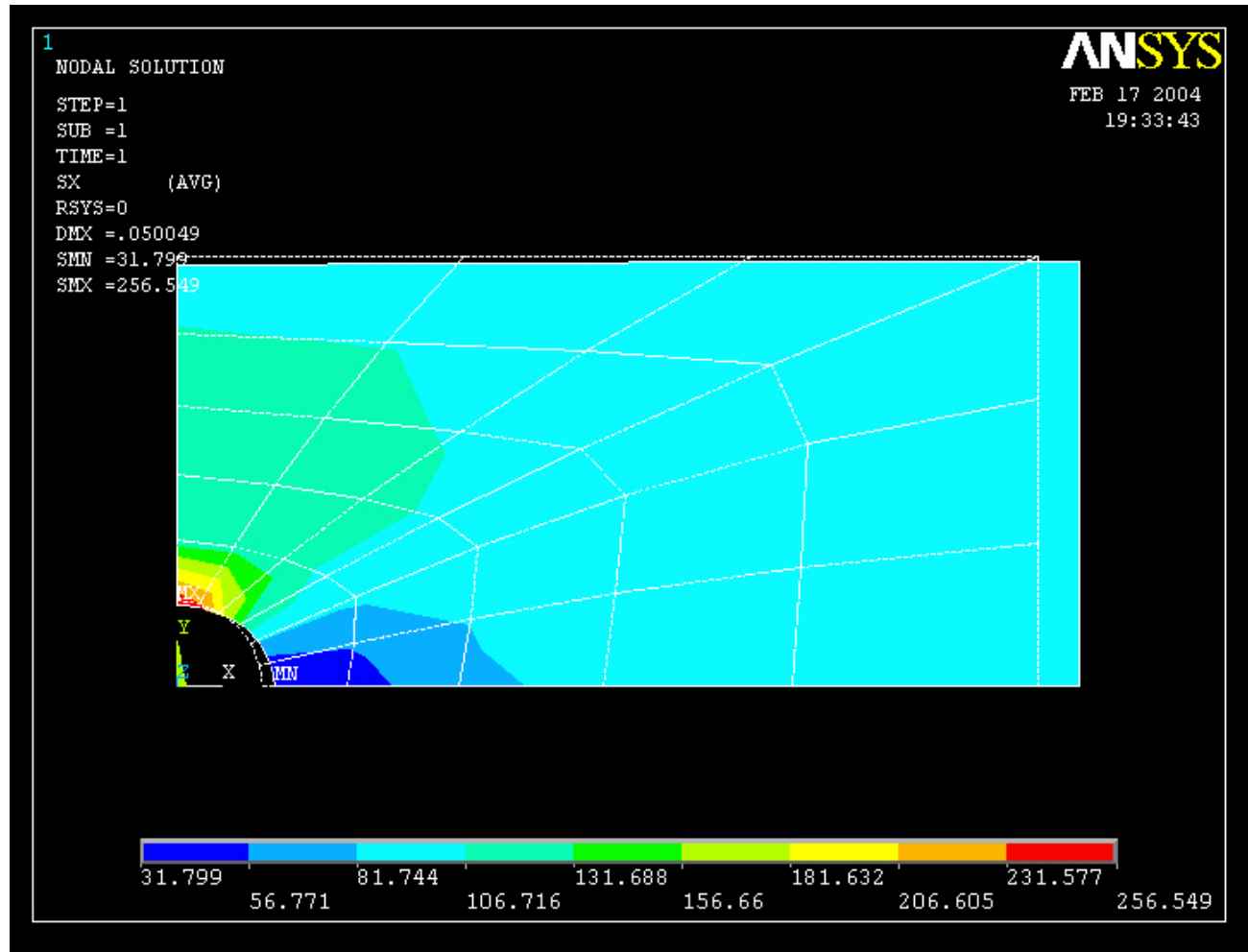
General Postproc > Plot Results > Contour Plot > Nodal Sol



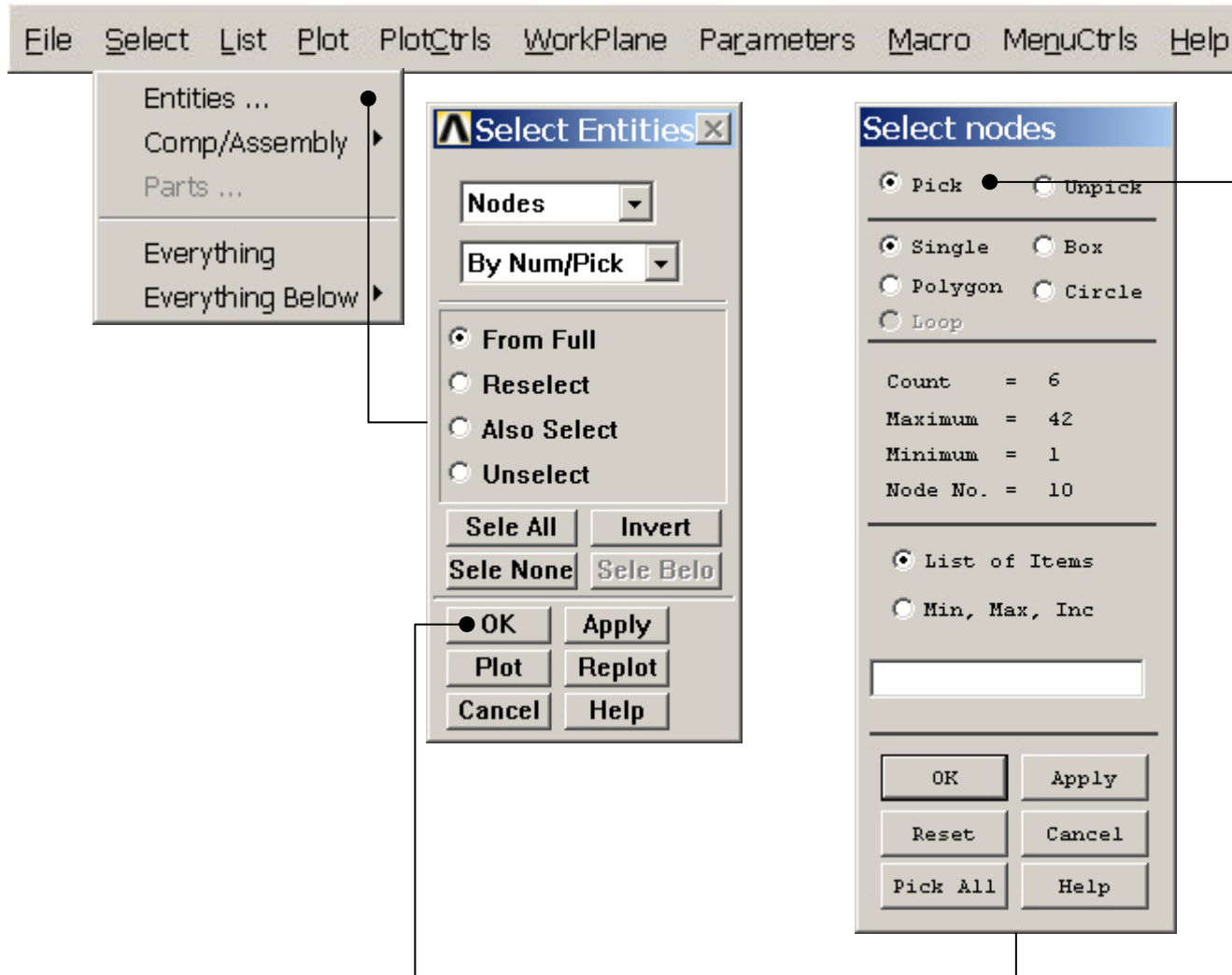
Select Stress

Select SX for stresses in x-direction

Example – Contour Plot

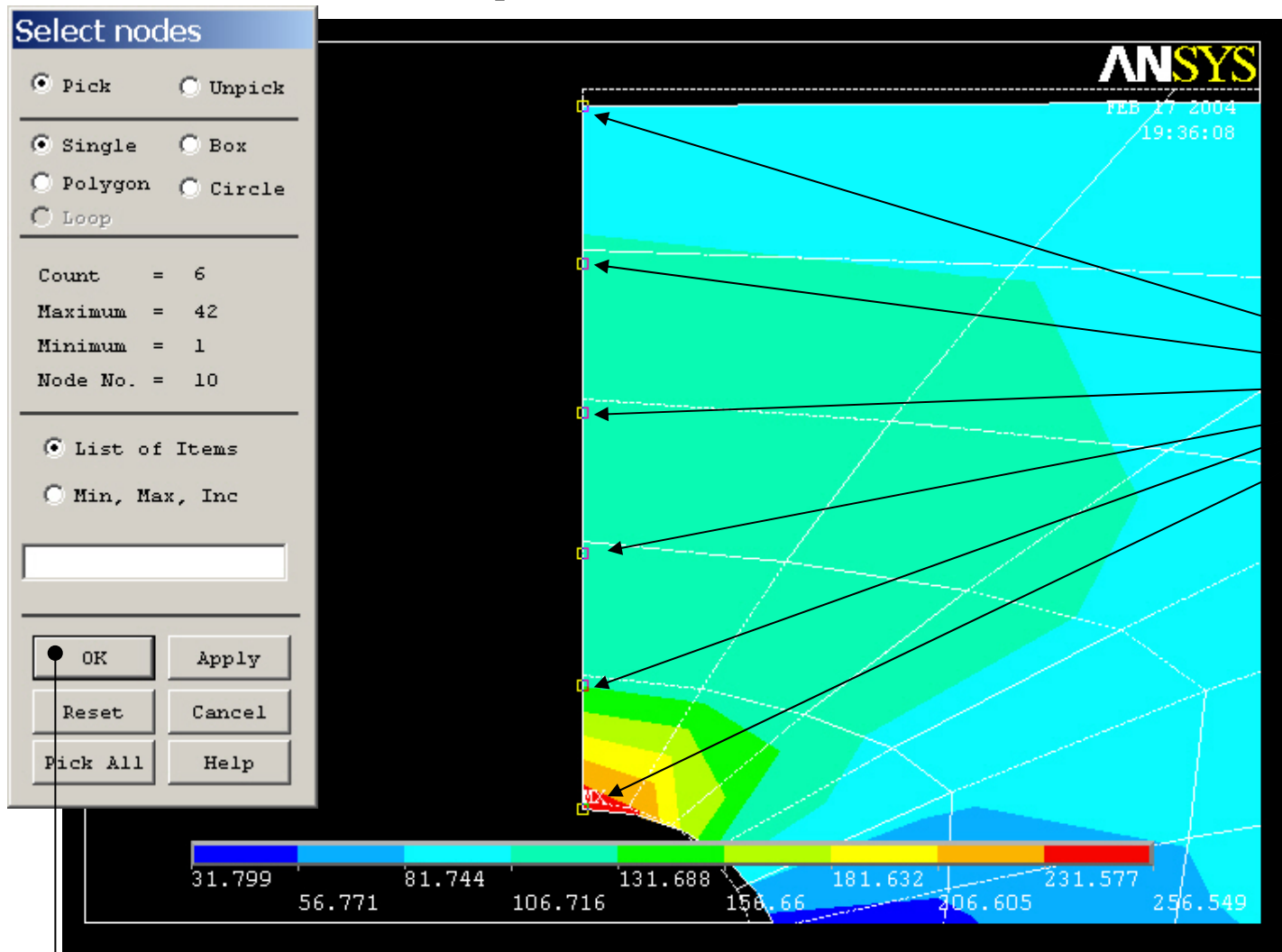


Example – Select - Entities



See next page
for selection

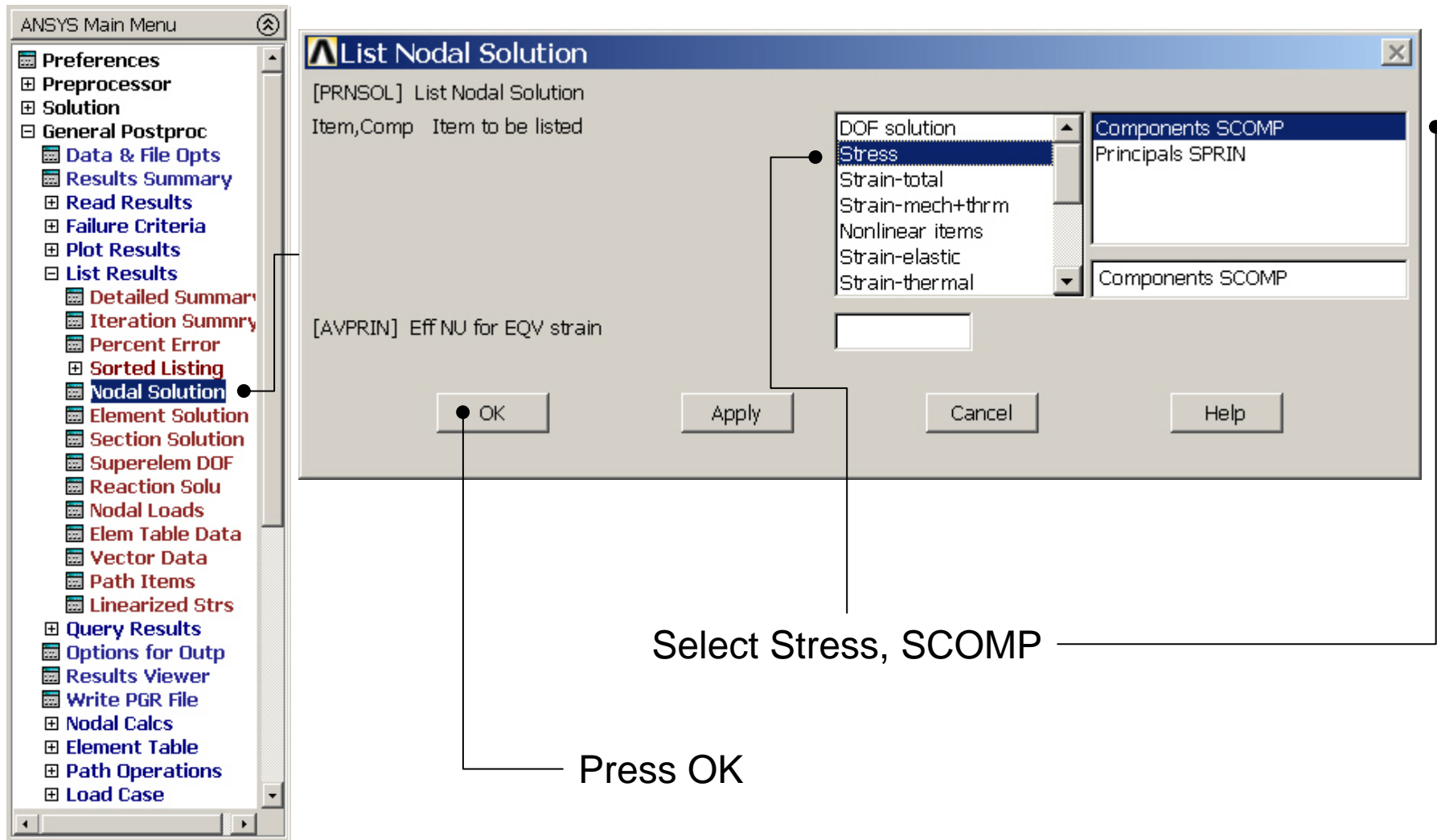
Example – Select Nodes



Select the indicated nodes

Note: the selection order is important – start from the hole

Example – List Results



Example – List Results

```
PRNSOL Command
File

PRINT S    NODAL SOLUTION PER NODE

***** POST1 NODAL STRESS LISTING *****
PowerGraphics Is Currently Enabled

LOAD STEP=    1 SUBSTEP=    1
TIME=    1.0000    LOAD CASE=    0
NODAL RESULTS ARE FOR MATERIAL    1

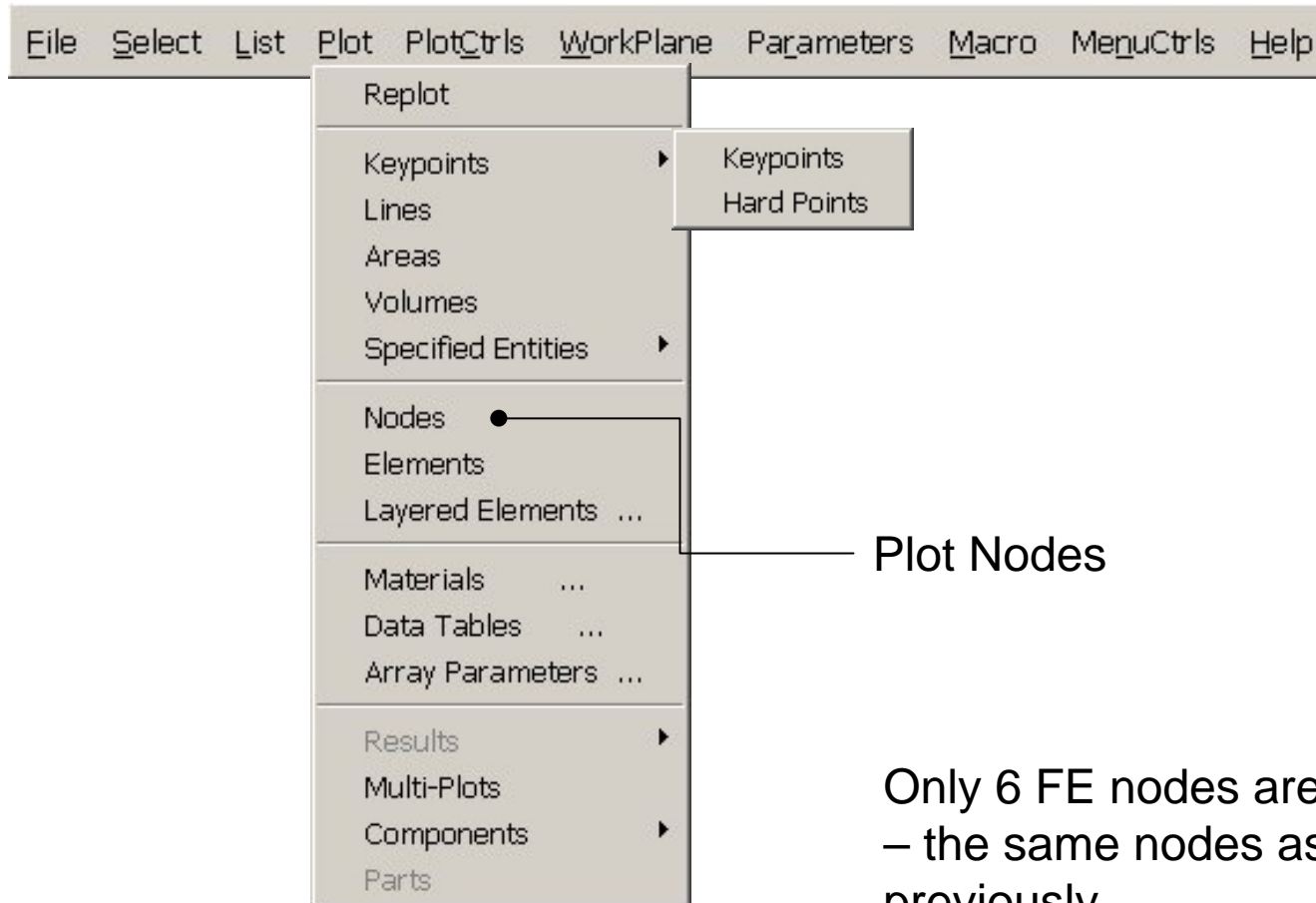
THE FOLLOWING X,Y,Z VALUES ARE IN GLOBAL COORDINATES

  NODE      SX          SY          SZ          SXY          SYZ          SZX
    10     103.61      1.6296      0.0000      3.4444      0.0000      0.0000
    13     256.55     35.374      0.0000     -12.718      0.0000      0.0000
    14     107.51      4.2797      0.0000      4.9690      0.0000      0.0000
    15     110.83     10.580      0.0000      7.4988      0.0000      0.0000
    16     116.35     18.912      0.0000      8.2722      0.0000      0.0000
    17     129.59     26.013      0.0000      4.2740      0.0000      0.0000

MINIMUM VALUES
  NODE      10          10          13          10          10
  VALUE     103.61      1.6296      0.0000     -12.718      0.0000      0.0000

MAXIMUM VALUES
  NODE      13          13          10          16          10          10
  VALUE     256.55     35.374      0.0000      8.2722      0.0000      0.0000
```

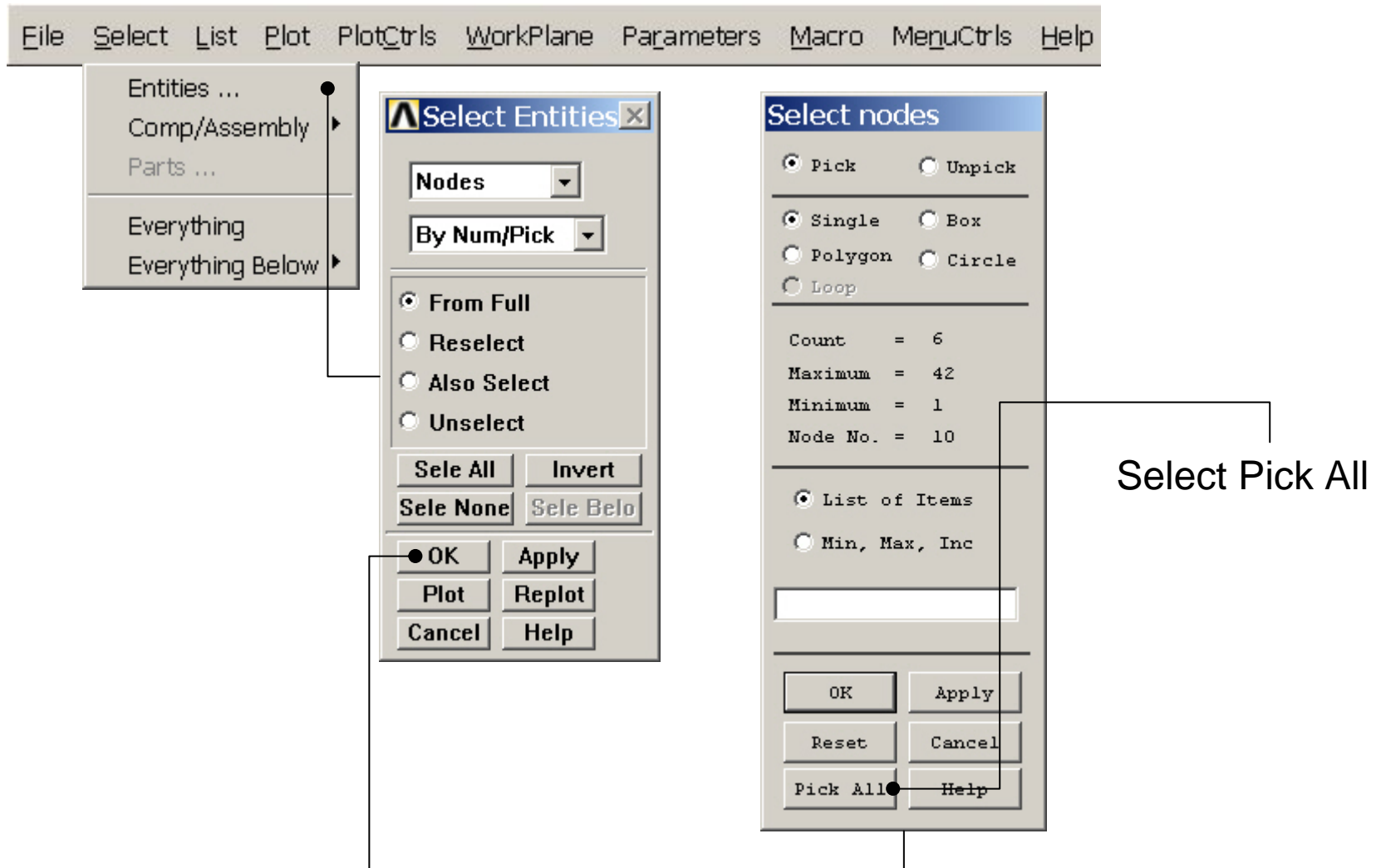
Example - Plot - Nodes



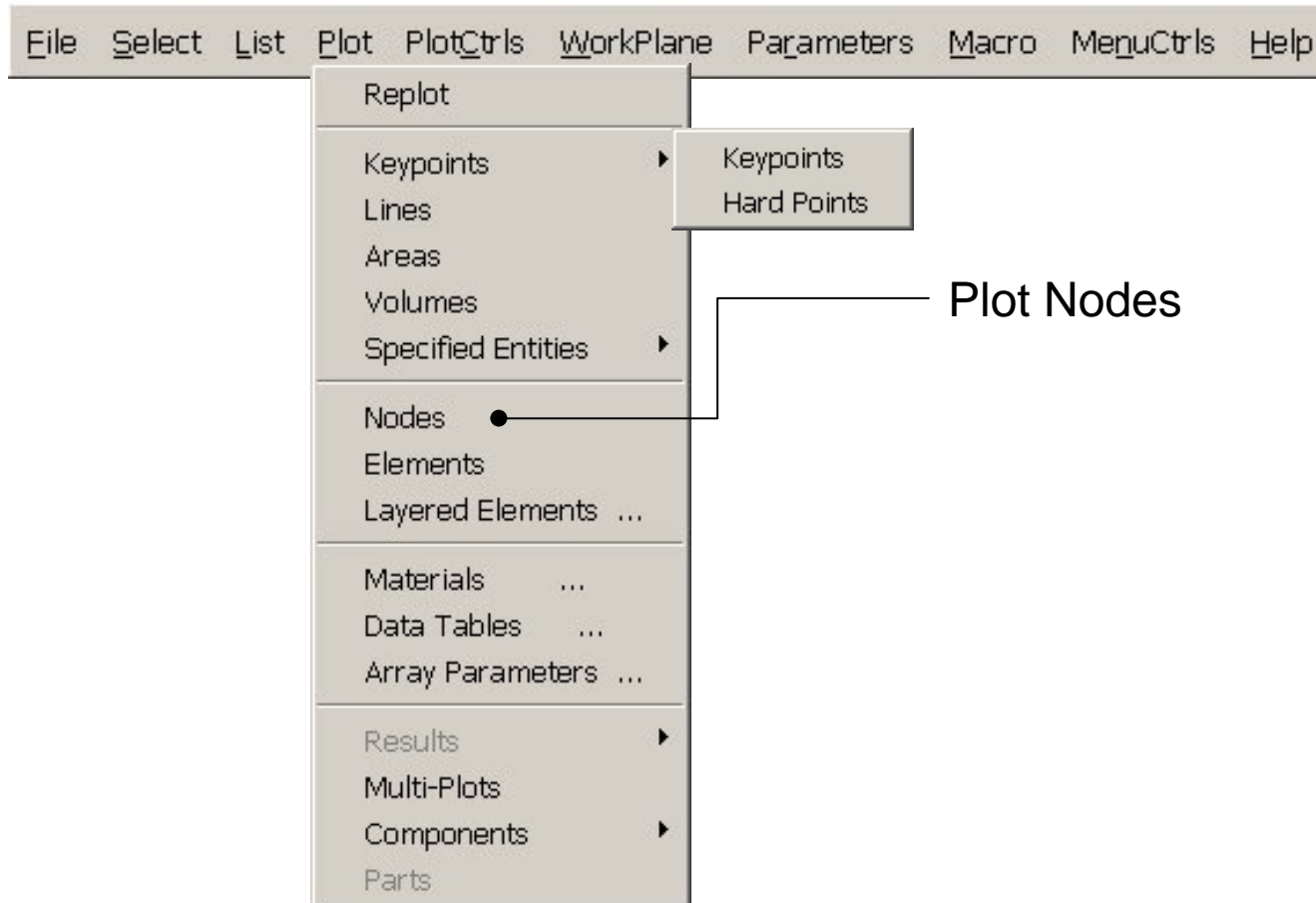
Plot Nodes

Only 6 FE nodes are displayed
– the same nodes as selected
previously

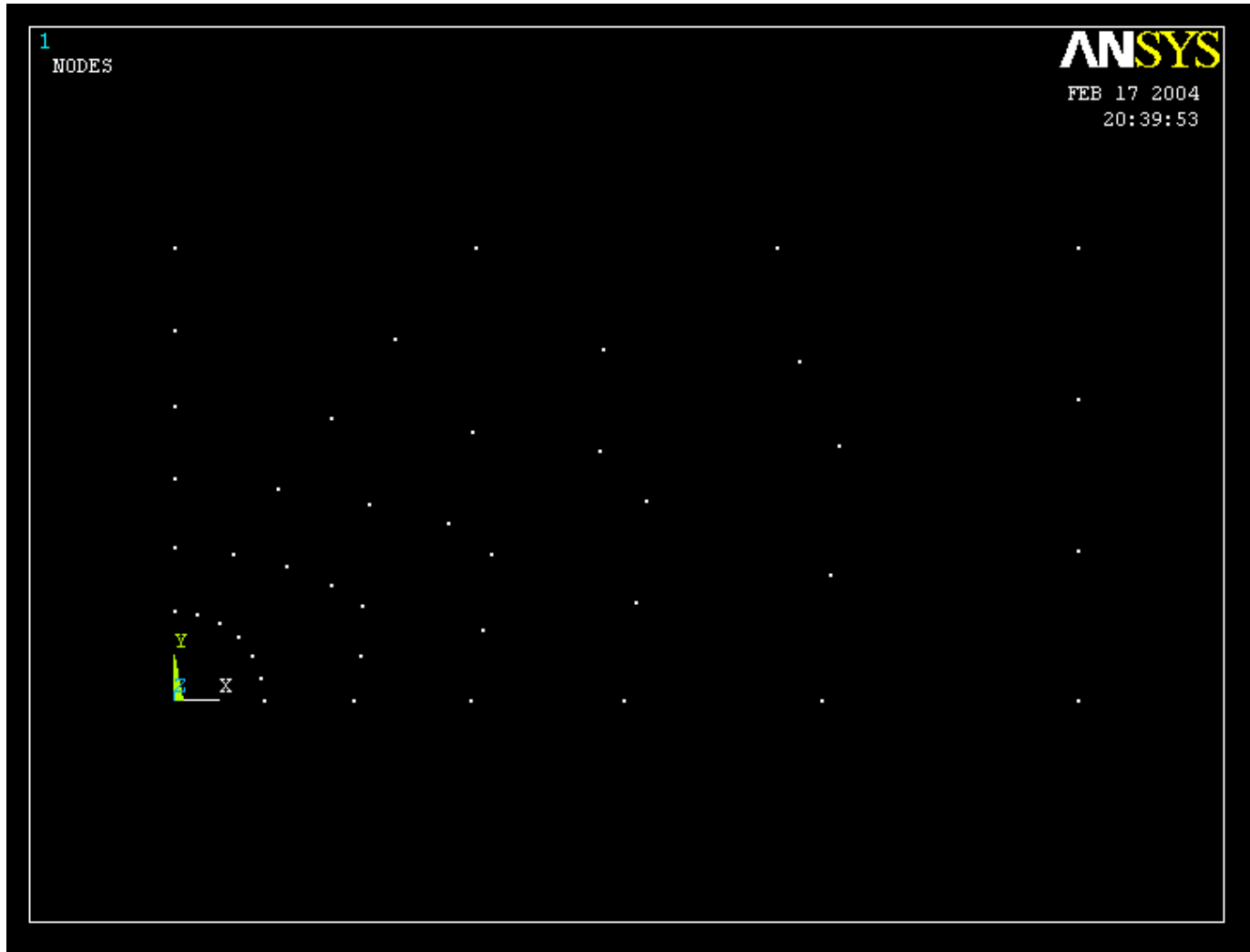
Example – Select - Entities



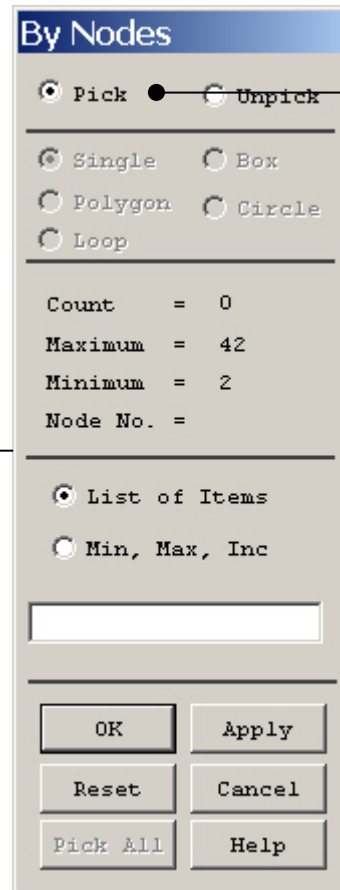
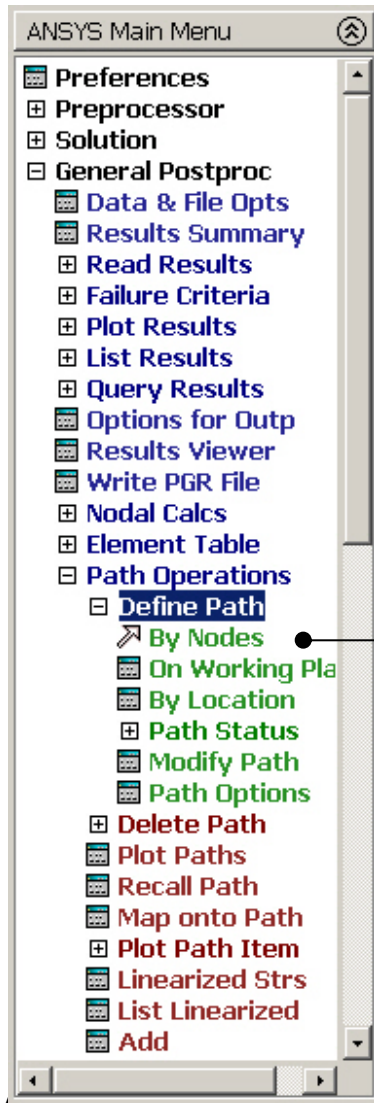
Example - Plot - Nodes



Example - Plot - Nodes

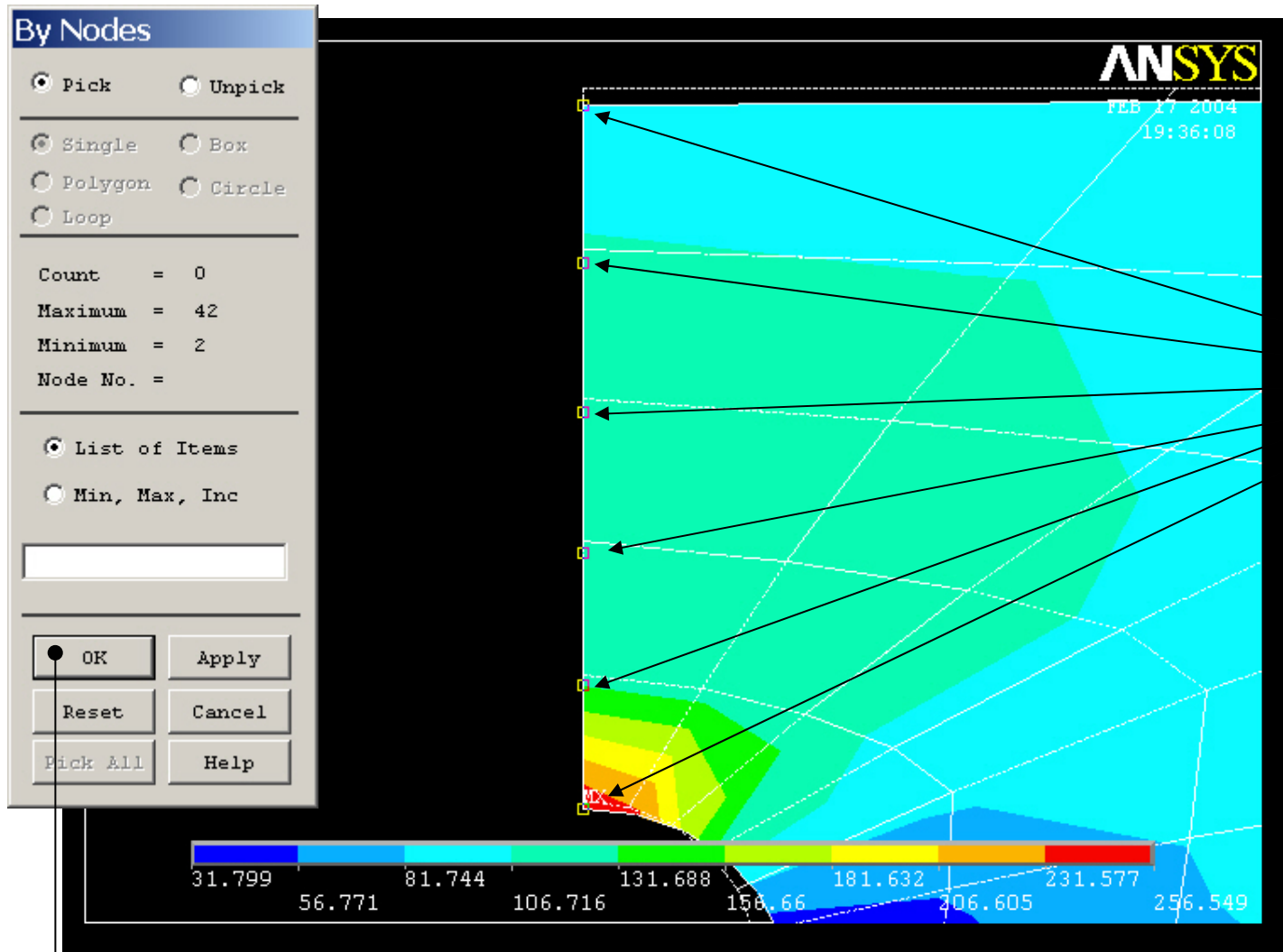


Example – Define Path



See next page for selection

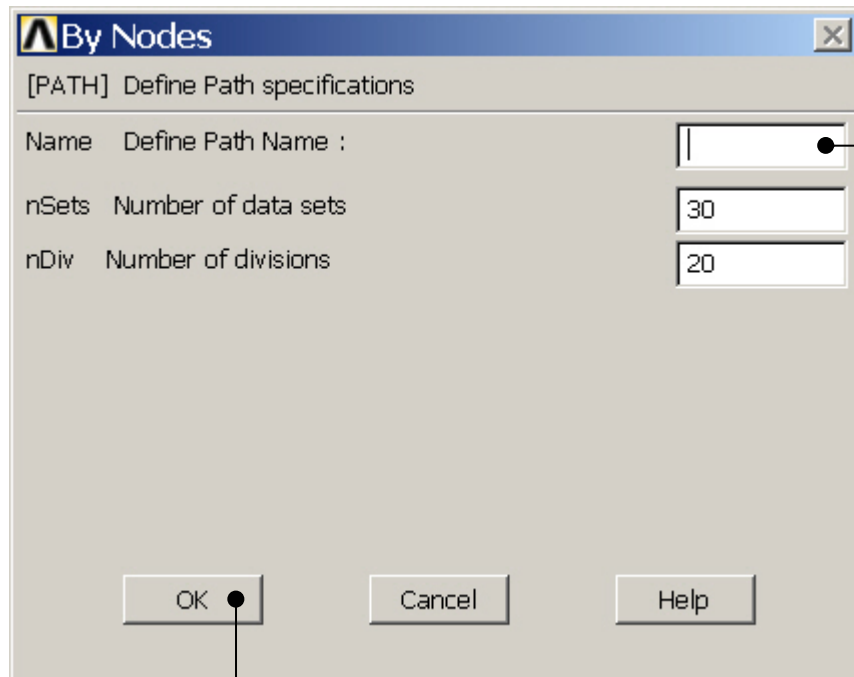
Example – Define Path - By Nodes



Select the indicated nodes

Note: the selection order is important – start from the hole

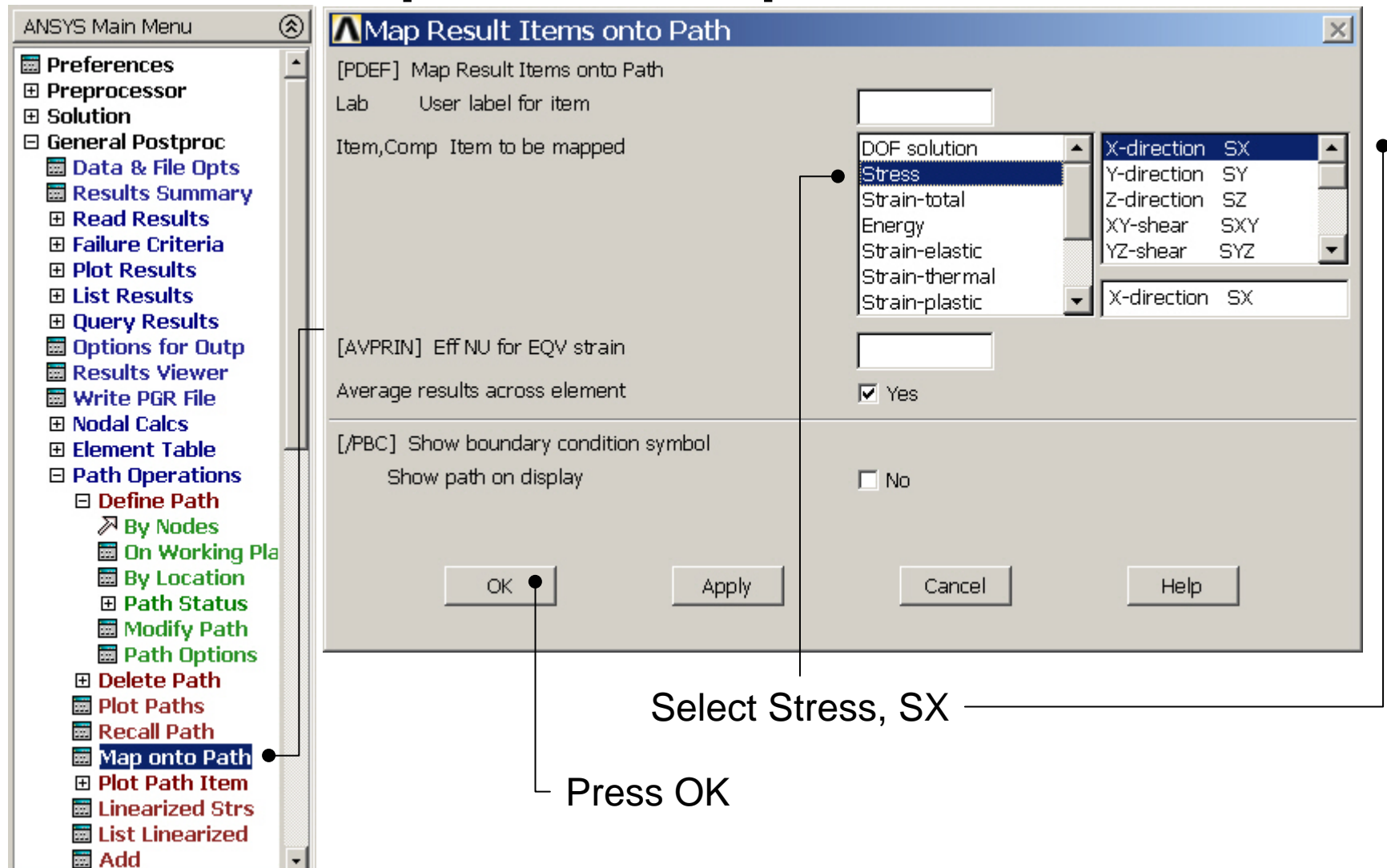
Example – Define Path - By Nodes



Enter an appropriate name, e.g. SX

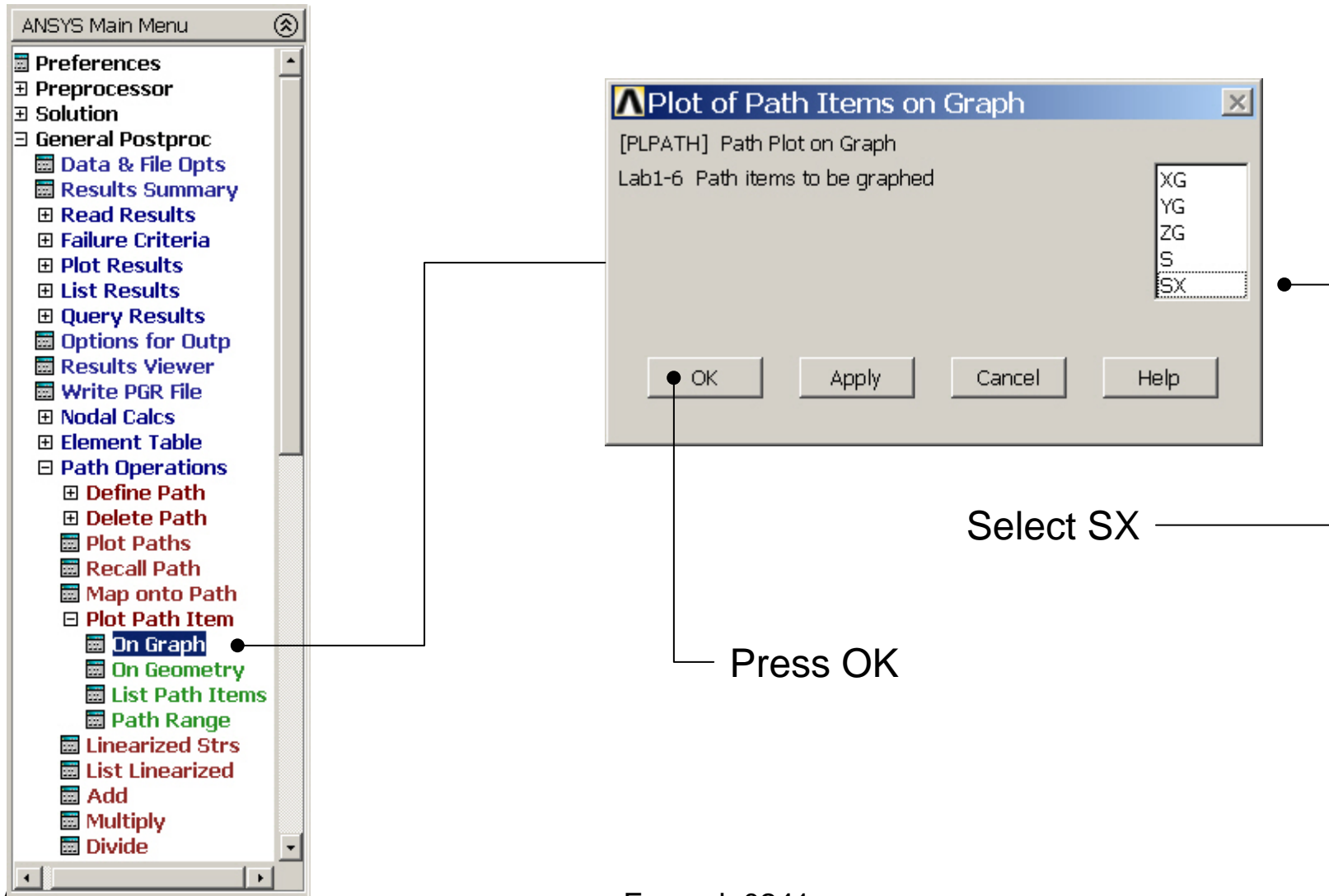
Enter OK

Example – Map onto Path

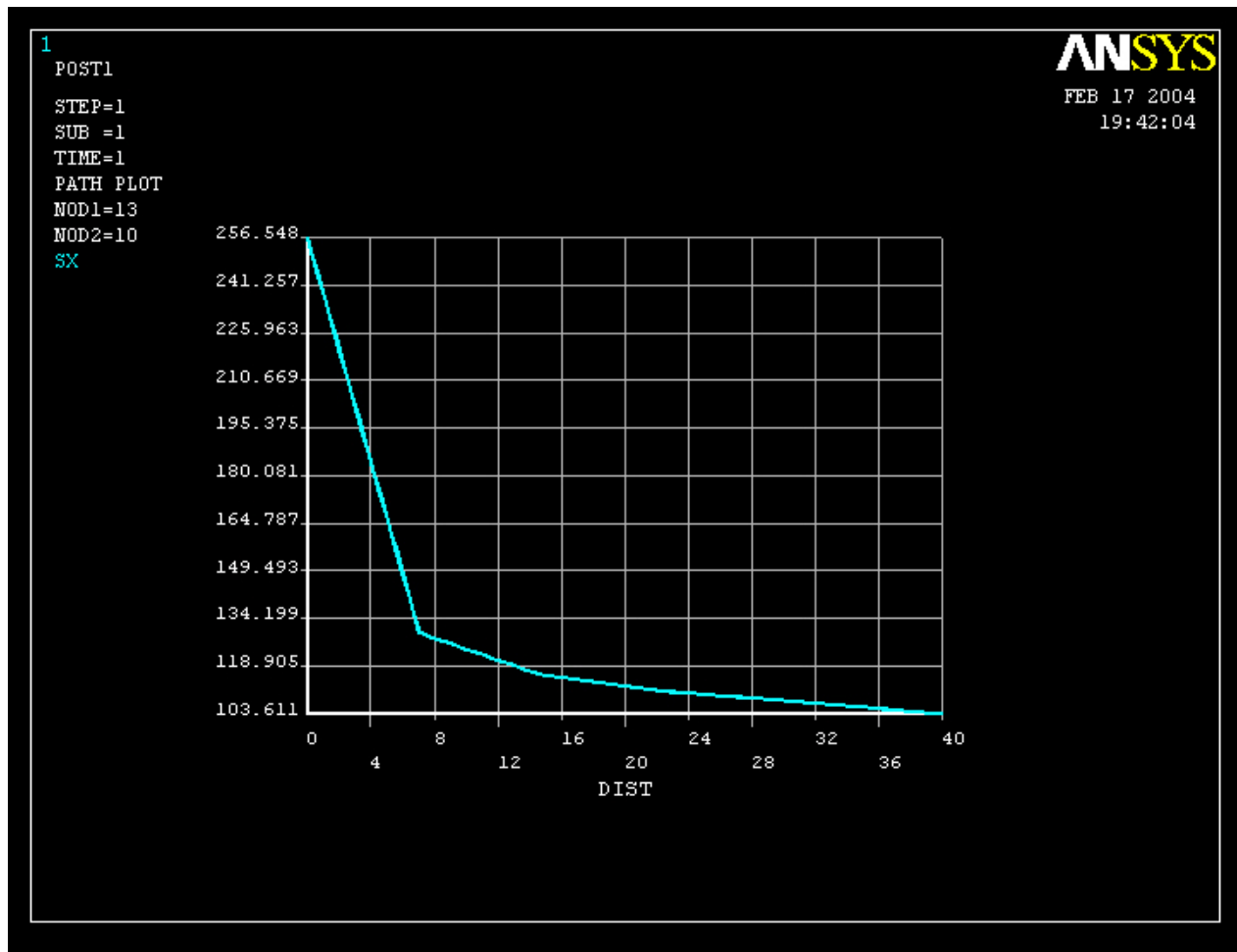


Example0241

Example – Plot Path on Graph



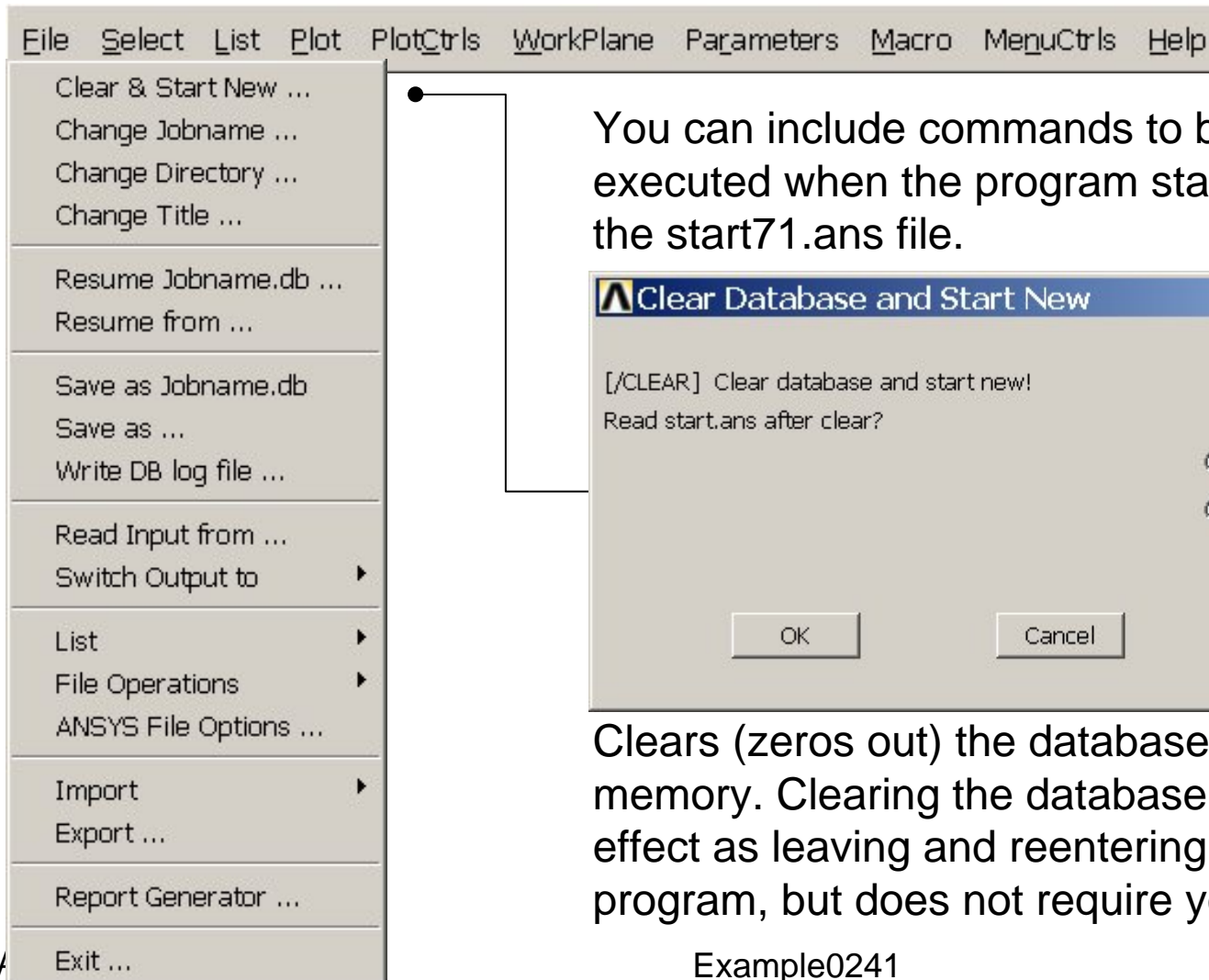
Example – Plot Path on Graph



Example – Comments/Questions

- Change the element type to a second order element type and rerun?
- The “example0241.lgw” can be edited in “Notepad”
- Will the shape or the number of elements affect the solution?
- Determine the shear stress in the lines of symmetry?

File menu



You can include commands to be executed when the program starts up in the start71.ans file.

Clears (zeros out) the database stored in memory. Clearing the database has the same effect as leaving and reentering the ANSYS program, but does not require you to exit.